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II M.B.B.S. 1213-A/1214-B

Path. (II)

Second M.B.B.S. Examination, 2012

PATHOLOGY

Second Paper

(Sections—A & B)

Time: Three Hours Max. Marks: 40

(Use separate Answer-books for Section—A and B)
Q. No. 1 in Section—A and Q. No. 5 in Section—B of
10 marks each are compulsory. Attempt any TWO
questions more from the rest of the questions in
Section—A and Section—B.

SECTION—A (Marks: 20)

- 1. Describe PBF, Bone-marrow findings and laboratory diagnosis in Megaloblastic Anaemia.
- 2. Write short notes on following:
 - (a) Sideroblast.
 - (b) Haemophilia.
 - (c) Sickle cell Anaemia.
 - (d) Cytogenetic abnormality in C.M.L.

Describe PBF and Bone marrow findings in the 3. followings :-(a) Aplastic Anaemia. (b) Acute Myeloid Leukaemia M3 type. (Acute Promelocytic Leukaemia). (c) Chronic Lymphocytic Leukaemia. (d) Multiple Myeloma. 5 Write short notes on the following: Prothrombin time (a) (b) Cytochemistry of Acute Leukaemia. Hairy cell Leukaemia. (c) (d) Indication of Bone marrow aspiration. SECTION-B (Marks : 20) Define and classify Jaundice. Discuss the laboratory 5. diagnostic approach of different type of Jaundice. 10 Outline the Laboratory diagnosis in the following: Laboratory diagnosis in Rheumatic Heart Disease. (a) Laboratory diagnosis in Myocardial Infarction. (b) Laboratory diagnosis in Subacute Bacterial (c) Endocarditis.

(d) Laboratory diagnosis in Chronic Glomerulonephritis.

- 7. Write short notes on following (Support with diagram):—
 - (a) Enumerate Haemoparasites in Peripheral blood and Bone-marrow with diagrammatic illustration.
 - (b) Enumerate cyst and ova found in stool.
 - (c) Cell abnormality found in Urine.
 - (d) CSF findings in Pyogenic Meningitis.
- 8. Write short notes on following (Support with diagram):—
 - (a) Esbach's Albulinometer and its uses.
 - (b) Wintrobe's tube and its uses.
 - (c) Haemoglobin Pipette and its uses.
 - (d) Laboratory Diagnostic approach in Bronchogenic carcinoma.