Seat No.: \_\_\_\_\_ Enrolment No.\_\_\_\_\_

## **GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**

B. Pharmacy Sem-I Remedial examination March 2009

**Subject Name: Pharm Chemistry-I** Subject code: 210003 Date: 17 / 03 /2009 Time: 10:30am-1:30pm Instructions: **Total Marks: 80** 1. Attempt any five questions. 2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary. 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks. Define the term impurity. Discuss importance of limit test in Q.1 10 pharmacy. Explain the principle involved in the limit test of arsenic giving the reactions and role of reagents used. Discuss the sources of impurities in pharmaceuticals. 06 (b) **Q.2** Explain Bronsted-Lowery acid-base theory. What is a conjugate 05 (a) ac id and base. What is meant by physiological buffers? Describe the mechanism 06 (b) of maintaining pH of blood. Discuss biological importance of calcium ions and their deficiency 05 (c) symptoms. Define the following terms: **Q.3** (a) 05 (ii) Sclerosing agent (i) Emetic (iii) Suspending agent. (iv) Preservative. (v) Adsorbent Give the name and structure of any one compound used as 05 (b) (i) Astringent. (ii) Purgative. (iii) Emetic. (iv) Hematinic (v) Expectorant Give the chemical name, structural formula and use of the following. (c) 06 (i) Backing soda. (ii) Chlorinated lime. (iii) Epsom salt. (iv) Green vitriol. (v) Lunar caustic. (vi) Alum Classify inorganic compounds acting as gastrointestinal agents Q.4 (a) 05 giving examples. (b) What are antacids? Outline the ideal requirements of an antacid. 05 (c) Give methods of preparation and use of aluminum hydroxide gel 06 and milk of magnesia. What are topical agents? Classify topical agents giving examples. **Q.5** (a) 05 Explain the mechanism of action of inorganic antimicrobial agents. (b) 05 Describe the preparation and uses of potassium permanganate and 06 (c) Calamine lotion. Q. 6 (a) Enumerate official compounds of Iron. Give preparation and 06 uses of ferrous gluconate and ferric ammonium citrate. What are intra and extra cellular electrolytes? What is meant (b) 05 by oral rehydration therapy? What are antidotes? What is the mechanism of action of antidote (c) 05 in poisoning? **Q.7** Write short notes on: (Any FOUR) 16 Anticarries agents. (a) (b) Antioxidants. (c) Limit test of Iron. (d) Inhalants. Respiratory stimulants (e) Povidone iodine. (f) \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*