

Subject code: 210006
Subject Name: Elementary (Remedial) Mathematics

Date: 13 /01 /2011

Time: 10.30 am – 01.30 pm

Total Marks: 80

Instructions:

1. Attempt any five questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q:1

[16]

- (a) Solve $\sqrt{4x+1} + \sqrt{x+1} = 3$
- (b) A Two digit Number is Four times the sum and Three times the product of its digits. Find the Number.
- (c) Solve by cramer's Rule.
 $x + 2y = 9$; $2x - 3y = 4$
- (d) Define the following with suitable Examples.
 (1) Diagonal Matrix (2) Transpose of a Matrix.
 (3) Symmetric Matrix (4) Upper Triangular Matrix

Q:2

[16]

- (a) Expand $D = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -1 & 3 \\ 4 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & -1 & 5 \end{vmatrix}$ by Sarrus Method.
- (b) Prove that $\begin{vmatrix} 1 & a & b+c \\ 1 & b & c+a \\ 1 & c & a+b \end{vmatrix} = 0$
- (c) Prove that $\begin{vmatrix} \sec^2\theta & \cos^2\theta \\ -\cot^2\theta & \sin^2\theta \end{vmatrix} = 1 - 2 \sin^2\theta \cos^2\theta$.
- (d) If $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 & 0 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$ & $B = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ Find AB or BA, Whichever Exists.

Q:3

[16]

- (a) A Population grows at the rate of 5% per year.
 How long does it take for the population to double ?
- (b) Evaluate : (1) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2 - 5x + 6}{x^2 - 4}$
 (2) Let $f(x) = \frac{3x^2 + 8x - 4}{2x^2 + 4x - 5}$
 Compute $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x)$ if it Exists.
- (c) Define : Median.
 The following Figures show incubation Periods of 9 Polio Cases. Find the Median of the data.
 23,19,21,17,22,18,20,24,16.

Q:4

[16]

- (a) (1) If $\cos A = \frac{15}{17}$ Find $\sin A$ & $\tan A$.
- (2) Prove that $\frac{1 + \cot \theta}{1 + \tan \theta} = \cot \theta$
- (3) If $A = 30^\circ$ Verify that $\tan 2A = \frac{2 \tan A}{1 - \tan^2 A}$
- (4) Evaluate : $\sin^{-1} (\cos \pi/5)$
- (5) Prove that $\tan^{-1} 4/5 + \tan^{-1} 2/3 = \tan^{-1} 22/7$
- (b) Find 'n' If ${}_{11}P_n : {}_{12}P_n = 3 : 4$

Q:5

[16]

- (a) (1) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $x = at^2$, $y = 2at$.
- (2) If $y = 5 \cos x - 3 \sin x$ Prove that $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + y = 0$
- (3) Differentiate $x^5 + \log x + 9$ w.r.to x
- (b) (1) Form the differential Equation from $xy = Ae^x + Be^{-x}$, Where A and B are arbitrary Constants.
- (2) Solve the differential Equation : $\frac{dy}{dx} + 2y = 4x$.

Q:6

[16]

- (a) Solve the following differential Equations.
- (1) $\frac{dy}{dx} = e^{x-y} + x^2 e^{-y}$
- (2) $\tan y \frac{dy}{dx} = \sin(x+y) + \sin(x-y)$.
- (3) $y \sqrt{1-x^2} dy + x \sqrt{1-y^2} dx = 0$.
- (b) Evaluate the following Integration.
- (1) $\int \frac{1 + \sin x}{1 + \cos x} dx$. (2) $\int_1^3 (3x^2 + e^x) dx$

Q:7

[16]

- (a) Find the value of $(19)^4$ by using Binomial Expansion only.
- (b) If the distance between A(5,a) & B (2,6) is $3\sqrt{2}$. Find the value of 'a'.
- (c) For what value of x the area of the triangle formed by the vertices (x,4), (8,2) and (6,7) is 13 units ?
- (d) Find the Number of permutations of 5 boys and 5 girls can seat around a circular table such that boys and girls are at alternate position.
