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Invigilator's Signature :

CS/B.Tech/SEM-2/M-201/2010 2010

MATHEMATICS

Time Allotted: 3 Hours

Full Marks: 70

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

GROUP - A (Multiple Choice Type Questions)

1. Choose the correct alternatives for any ten of the following:

 $10 \times 1 = 10$

i) If
$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$
, then A^{100} is

a) $2^{99} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

b) $2^{101} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

c) $2^{100} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

d) none of these.

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- If λ is a eigenvalue of A, then λ^4 is an eigenvalue of ii)
 - A4 aì

- d) none of these.
- The rank of $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 5 \\ 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$ is
 - 0 a)

b)

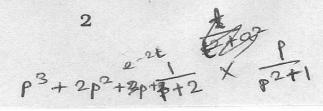
c)

- none of these.
- Which of the following sets is linearly independent? iv)
 - {(1,2),(2,4)} a)
 - b) { (1, 2, 3), (2, 4, 6), (1, 1, 1) }
 - c) {(2,0,0),(0,3,0),0,0,4)}
 - d) none of these.
- v) $L\{e^{-2t}\cos t\}$ is equal to
 - a) $\frac{p}{p^2 + 4p + 5}$
 - b) $\frac{p-1}{p^2+4p+5}$ c) $\frac{p+1}{p^2+4p+5}$

 - d) $\frac{p+2}{p^2+4p+5}$
- Which of the following is not true? vi)
 - a) $\Delta \equiv E 1$

- b) $\Delta \nabla \equiv \Delta \nabla$
- c) $\Delta \frac{1}{\nabla} \equiv \Delta + \nabla$
- d) $\Delta \equiv 1 E^{-1}$.

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vii)	If the true and approximate value of a quantity are x
	and x_a respectively, then the relative error is given by

a)
$$\left| \frac{x_t - x_a}{x_t} \right|$$

c) $\left| \frac{x_a - x_t}{x_t - x_a} \right|$

b)
$$\left| \frac{x_a - x_t}{x_a} \right|$$

c)
$$\frac{x_a - x_t}{x_t - x_a}$$

d)
$$|x_t - x_a|$$

viii) The sum of the eigenvalues of

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$
 is

none of these.

The value of the determinant ix)

19	60	99	is
10	50	98	

The value of λ for which the matrix $\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & -3 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$ X)

is singular, is

a) 3/2

b)

c)

d) 1/3.

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xl)
$$\frac{1}{D-1}x^2$$
 is equal to

a)
$$x^2 + 2x + 2$$

b)
$$-(x^2+2x+2)$$

c)
$$2x - x^2$$

d)
$$-(2x-x^2)$$
.

xii) The norm of the vector $\alpha = (-1, 2, 3)$ in \mathbb{R}^3 with standard inner product is

a)
$$\sqrt{12}$$

b)
$$\sqrt{14}$$

c)
$$\sqrt{3}$$

d)
$$\sqrt{2}$$

xiii) The degree and order of the differential equation $\left(\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 2\right)^{3/2} = x \frac{dy}{dx}$ are respectively

a)
$$\frac{3}{2}$$
, 2

GROUP - B

(Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer any three of the following.

$$3 \times 5 = 15$$

2. Solve the following system of equations with the help of Gauss' Elimination method:

$$x_1 + x_2 + 4x_3 = 6$$

$$3x_1 + 2x_2 - 2x_3 = 9$$

$$5x_1 + x_2 + 2x_3 = 13.$$

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3. Prove that $\Delta \equiv e^{hD} - 1$.

(The notations have their usual meanings).

4. Expand by Laplace's method to prove that

$$\begin{vmatrix} o & a & b & c \\ -a & o & d & e \\ -b & -d & o & f \\ -c & -e & -f & o \end{vmatrix} = (af - be + cd)^{2}.$$

- 5. Solve $\frac{dy}{dx} + y = y^3$ ($\cos x \sin x$).
- 6. Evaluate $\int_{0}^{\pi/6} \sqrt{1 + \sin x} \, dx$ using Simpson's one-third rule by

taking five ordinates.

(Long Answer Type Questions)

Answer any three of the following. $3 \times 15 = 45$

- 7. a) Show that (3, 1, -2), (2, 1, 4) and (1, -1, 2) form a basis of R^3 .
 - b) Find the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of the matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix}
 1 & -1 & 2 \\
 2 & 2 & 4 \\
 3 & 3 & 6
 \end{bmatrix}$$

c) Solve by Cramer's rule:

$$x + y + z = 6$$

 $x + 2y + 3z = 14$
 $x - y + z = 2$.

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8. a) Solve the differential equaion by Lapla Transformation:

$$\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} - 2\frac{dy}{dt} - 3y = t\cos t$$

$$y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0.$$

b) Solve by the method of variation of parameters:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}^2 y}{\mathrm{d} x^2} + a^2 y = \sec ax.$$

c) Find the particular integral of

$$\left(D^2 + 4\right)y = x\sin^2 x$$

9. a) Estimate the missing term from the table:

v I	2 /	4	6	8	10
~	50	13	*	53	85

b) The values of a function f(x) are given for cert values of x as follows:

x:	4	5	6	8
e(x):	3.11	2.96	2.85	2.7

Obtain the value of f(5.5) using Lagran interpolation formula.

c) Compute $\int_{0}^{2} \frac{\sin x}{\sqrt{x}} dx \text{ using Simpson's one-third}$ taking $h = \frac{1}{6}$.

taking
$$h = \frac{1}{6}$$
.

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(.354)

6

1.33

1.154

1.225

- 10. a) Prove that for two invertible matrices A and B of the same order $(AB)^{-1} = B^{-1}A^{-1}$.
 - b) Reduce the following matrix to a row-reduced echelon form and hence find its rank:

c) Solve $(D^2 - 5D + 6) y = x^2 e^{3x}$, $D = \frac{d}{dx}$.