

T.E (Elect.) Sem - III (Reel.)
Signal Processing - II
(REVISED COURSE)

30/05/07
3706
ND-539

D489 : 1st/11/07

Con. 2695-07.

(3 Hours)

[Total Marks : 100

- N.B. (1) Question No. 1 is compulsory.
 (2) Attempt in all five questions including Question No. 1.
 (3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

1. (a) A system has an impulse response —

$$h(n) = (0.2)^n \cos\left(\frac{\pi n}{3}\right) \cdot u(n)$$

Plot poles and zeros.

- (b) Given $x(n] = \{ a, b, c, 1, 0, 1, c, b \}$. Can this sequence have $X(k)$ as shown below ? 5
 $X(k) = \{ (2 + a + 2b + 2c), (3 + j 4), (2 + j 0.5), (-3 + j 2), (2), (-3 + j 2), (2 + j 0.5), (3 + j 4) \}$
 where a, b and c are real numbers. Justify your answer.
 (c) Explain the effect of windowing operation on the desired frequency response. 5
 (d) Obtain Cascade realization of the given system function using minimum number of multiplications. Note that the two sections have linear phase symmetry in their impulse responses. 5

$$H(z) = \left(1 + \frac{1}{2} z^{-1} + z^{-2} \right) \left(1 + \frac{1}{4} z^{-1} + z^{-2} \right)$$

2. (a) An FIR filter is described by the difference equation $y(n] = x(n] + x(n - 10]$
 (i) Compute and sketch its magnitude and phase response 8
 (ii) Determine its response to the input 2
 $x(n] = 10 + 5 \cos(2\pi n/5 + \pi/2), -\infty < n < \infty$.
 (b) Let $x_1(n] = \{ 1, 2, 3, 4 \}$ and $x_2(n] = \{ 5, 6, 7, 8 \}$. Find $X_1(k)$ and $X_2(k)$ of the above 10
 sequences by performing DFT computation only once.

3. (a) Determine circular convolution and linear convolution using circular convolution of the following 10
 sequences :
 $x_1(n] = \{ 4, 3, 2 \}$
 $x_2(n] = \{ 1, 2, 1, 3, 4, 2 \}$.

(b) Using trapezoidal rule of integration show that —

$$s = \frac{2}{T} \frac{1 - z^{-1}}{1 + z^{-1}} \quad \text{and} \quad \Omega = \frac{2}{T} \tan\left(\frac{W}{2}\right)$$

Where Ω is analog frequency and W is digital frequency ? What do you mean by non-linear 10
 warping ?

4. (a) Describe the four types of linear phase FIR filters and derive the conditions for having 10
 compulsory zeros at $z = +1$ or -1 for types 2, 3 and 4 linear phase systems.
 (b) A digital low-pass filter is required to meet the following specifications :—
 Pass band ripple : ≤ 1 dB
 Pass band edge : 4 kHz
 Stop band attenuation : ≥ 40 dB
 Stop band edge : 6 kHz
 Sampling rate : 24 kHz

Find the order of Butterworth and Chebyshev filter using bilinear transformation.

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5. (a) The desired frequency response of a low-pass filter is —

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$$H_d(e^{j\omega}) = e^{-3j\omega} \quad \text{for } -\frac{3\pi}{4} \leq \omega \leq \frac{3\pi}{4}$$

$$= 0 \quad \text{otherwise}$$

Determine $H(e^{j\omega})$ for $M = 7$ using Blackman window.

(b) Find the inverse DTFT of $X(e^{j\omega}) = \delta(\omega) - \pi < \omega \leq \pi$.

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(c) Consider the DFT pair $x(n) \xrightarrow{\text{DFT}} X_{\text{DFT}}(k)$

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Where $x(n) = \{ 1, 2, 1, 0 \}$ and

$$X_{\text{DFT}}(k) = \{ 4, -j2, 0, j2 \}$$

Find the DFT of —

(i) $y(n) = x(n - 2)$

(ii) $y(n) = x^*(n)$.

6. (a) Determine the impulse response for the Cascade of two linear time-invariant systems having impulse response.

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$$h_1(n) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u(n) \quad \text{and } h_2(n) = \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^n u(n)$$

Make use of convolution property to get the answer.

(b) Consider the causal linear shift-invariant filter with system function —

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$$H(z) = \frac{1 + 0.875z^{-1}}{(1 + 0.2z^{-1} + 0.9z^{-2})(1 - 0.7z^{-1})}$$

Draw a signal flow-graph for this system using —

(i) Direct form II

(ii) A Cascade of first order system realized in direct form II.

7. Write notes on the following :—

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(a) DSP processors

(b) Properties of DFT

(c) Digital oscillator

(d) Linear FIR filtering of long data sequence using DFT.
