(2) Attempt any four questions out of remaining six questions.

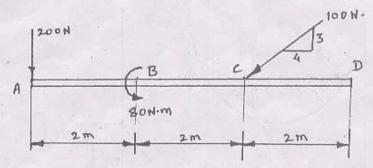
Assume suitable data if necessary and mention them clearly.

4) Take  $g = 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2$ .

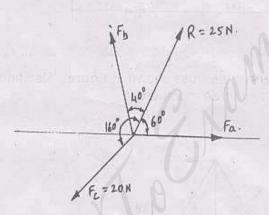
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Solve any four of following:—

 (a) Resolve a system of forces shown in figure into a force and couple at point 'A'.



(b) A force R = 25 N has components  $F_a$ ,  $F_b$  and  $F_c$  as shown in figure. If  $F_c$  = 20 N, Find  $F_a$  and  $F_b$ .

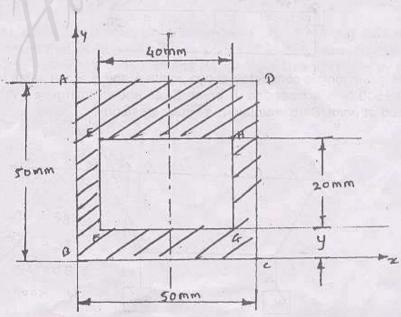


(c) Derive an expression for the Moment of Inertia of a rectangle about its centroidal Y-axis.

(d) State and prove Work-Energy principle.

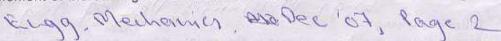
(e) Water leaks from the ceiling 16 m high, at the rate of 5 drops per second. Find the distance between first and second drop when the first drop has just touched the ground.

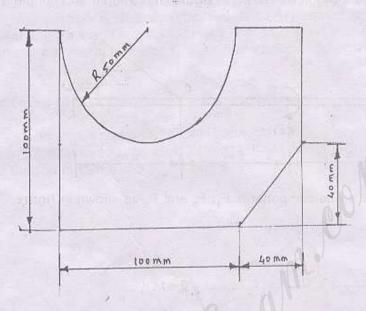
(f) Find distance Y so that the CG of given area in figure has co-ordinates (25, 20).



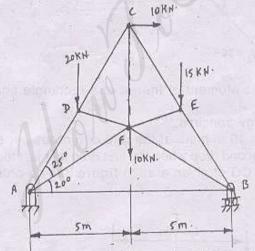
2. (a) Determine using fundamentals, the maximum height reached and the maximum distance travelled on horizontal surface by a projectile fired with velocity of 25 m/s at an angle of 40°. Derive expression for maximum height and maximum distance on horizontal surface and verify your answers. 10

(b) Find Moment of inertia of given area about centroidal X and Y axis. Refer figure.

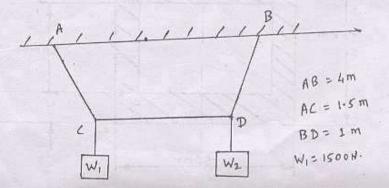




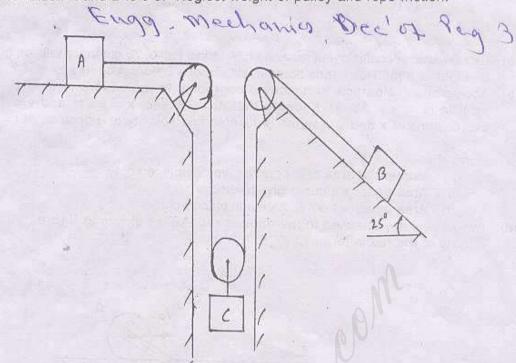
(a) Find forces in all the members of the truss shown in figure. Also find support reactions. 10 Use method of sections for any three members.



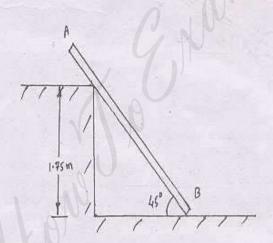
(b) Rope AB 4.5 m long is connected at two points A and B at the same level and 4 m apart. 10 Load of 1500 N is suspended at point 'C' as shown in figure. What load should be connected at point 'D' to maintain the shown position?



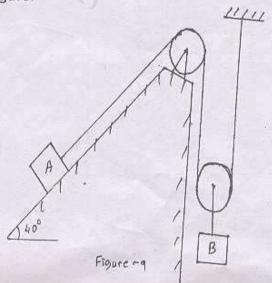
http://www.howtoexam.com/from rest. Mass of block A, B and C is 5 kg, 10 kg and 50 kg respectively. Co-efficient of friction for block A and B is 0.3. Neglect weight of pulley and rope friction.



(b) Determine minimum value of co-efficient of friction so as to maintain the position shown in figure. Length of Rod AB is 3.5 m and it weighs 250 N.



5. (a) Find the velocity of block A and B when block A has travelled 1-2 m along inclined plane. 1 Mass of A is 10 kg and that of B is 50 kg. coefficient of friction between block A and inclined plane is 0-25. Pulley are mass less and frictionless. Use work energy principle. Refer figure.



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- (b) Explain what is tangential and normal acceleration. A particle is moving in x-y plane and 10 its position is defined by  $\bar{r} = \left[\frac{3}{2}t^2\right]i + \left[\frac{2}{3}t^3\right]j$ . Find radius of curvature when t = 2 sec.
- 6. (a) Explain what is coefficient of restitution. A tennis ball of 75 gm mass falls on ground through a height of 3 m. How many times it will bounce before it comes to rest? Take e = 0.7.
  - (b) Acceleration of particle is directly proportional to the square of time 't'. When t = 0, particle is at x = 24 m. Knowing that at t = 6 sec, x = 96 m and v = 18 m/s. Find expressions of x and v in terms of t. Also find velocity and position at t = 2 sec.
- 7. (a) Prove that-
- e that—

  (i) Moment of area of a-t curve gives displacement.
  - (ii) Area under a-t curve gives velocity
  - (iii) Area under v-t curve gives displacement.
  - (b) Two wheels are attached to the ends of rod 'AB' as shown in figure. Find the angular velocity of the rod in terms of V<sub>b</sub>, L, α and 0.

