

University of Hyderabad,

U-54

Entrance Examination, 2010

Ph.D. (Mathematics/Applied Mathematics/OR)

Hall Ticket No.

Time: 2 hours

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Max. Marks: 75 Part A: 25 Part B: 50

Instructions

- 1. Calculators are not allowed.
- Part A carries 25 marks. Each correct answer carries 1 mark and each wrong answer carries 033mark. So do not gamble. If you want to change any answer, cross out the old one and circle the new one. Over written answers will be ignored.
- 3. Part B carries 50 marks. Instructions for answering Part B are given at the beginning of Part B.
- 4. Use a separate booklet for Part B.

Answer Part A by circling the correct letter in the array below:

| | · | | | | - |
|--|----------|----------|---|---|----------|
| and the second | 1 | a | b | c | d |
| | 2 | a | b | c | d |
| | 3 | a | b | c | d |
| | 4 | a | b | c | d |
| | 5 | a | b | c | d |
| | 6 | T. | b | | d |
| pe | 7 | a | + | C | |
| | | a | b | C | d |
| | 8 | a | b | c | d |
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| | 17 | a | b | c | d |
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| a da ser a de la Carl | 20 | <u>a</u> | 0 | С | <u> </u> |

PART A

Each question carries 1 mark. 0.33 mark will be deducted for each wrong answer. There will be no penalty if the question is left unanswered. The set of real numbers is denoted by \mathbb{R} , the set of complex numbers by \mathbb{C} , the set of rational numbers by \mathbb{Q} and the set of integers by \mathbb{Z} .

- 1. Let V be a real vector space and $S = \{v_1, v_2, \ldots, v_k\}$ be a linearly independent subset of V. Then
 - (a) dim V = k.

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- (b) dim V < k.
- (c) dim $V \ge k$.
- (d) nothing can be said about dim V.

2. The value of
$$\lim_{x\to 0} \left(\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{e^x - 1}\right)$$
 is
(a) 0. (b) $\frac{1}{2}$. (c) 1. (d) $\frac{3}{2}$

3. Consider the function f(x) on \mathbb{R} defined by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^3, & \text{if } x^2 \leq 1\\ x, & \text{if } x^2 \geq 1. \end{cases}$$

Then

- (a) f is continuous at each point of \mathbb{R} .
- (b) f is continuous at each point of except at $x = \pm 1$.
- (c) f is differentiable at each point of \mathbb{R} .
- (d) f is not continuous at any point of \mathbb{R} .
- 4. Let f(x, y) be defined on \mathbb{R}^2 by f(x, y) = |x| + |y|. Then
 - (a) the partial derivatives of f at (0,0) exist.
 - (b) f is differentiable at (0,0).
 - (c) f is continuous at (0,0).
 - (d) none of the above hold.

- 5. Let $f : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ be continuous taking values in \mathbb{Q} , the set of rational numbers. Then
 - (a) f is strictly monotone.
 - (b) f is unbounded.

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- (c) f is differentiable.
- (d) the image of f is infinite
- 6. For the set $\left\{\frac{1}{m} + \frac{1}{n} : m, n \in \mathbb{N}\right\}$, the element $\frac{1}{4}$ is
 - (a) both an element in the set and a limit point of the set.
 - (b) neither an element in the set nor a limit point.
 - (c) an element in the set, but not a limit point.
 - (d) a limit point of the set, but not an element in the set.
- 7. If $|\tan z| = 1$, then
 - (a) Re $z = \frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{n\pi}{2}$. (b) Re $z = \frac{\pi}{4} + n\pi$.
 - (c) Re $z = \frac{\pi}{2} + n\pi$. (d) Re $z = \frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{n\pi}{2}$.
- 8. The number of zeroes of $z^9+z^5-8z^3+2z+1$ in the annular region $1\leq |z|\leq 2$ are
 - (a) 3. (b) 6. (c) 9. (d) 14.

9. The residue of $f(z) = \cot z$ at any of its poles is

(a) 0. (b) 1. (c)
$$\sqrt{2}$$
. (d) $2\sqrt{3}$

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- 10. Let (X, d) be a metric space and $A \subset X$. Then A is totally bounded if and only if
 - (a) every sequence in A has a Cauchy subsequence.
 - (b) every sequence in A has a convergent subsequence.
 - (c) every sequence in A has a bounded subsequence.
 - (d) every bounded sequence in A has a convergent subsequence.
- 11. Suppose N is a normal subgroup of G. For an element x in a group, let O(x) denote the order of x. Then
 - (a) O(a) divides O(aN).
 - (b) O(aN) divides O(a).
 - (c) $O(a) \neq O(aN)$.
 - (d) O(a) = O(aN).
- 12. If G is a group such that it has a unique element a of order n. Then
 - (a) n = 2.

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- (b) n is a prime.
- (c) n is an odd prime.
- (d) O(G) = n.

13. Consider the ring \mathbb{Z} . Then

- (a) all its ideals are prime.
- (b) all its non-zero ideals are maximal.
- (c) \mathbb{Z}/I is an integral domain for any ideal I of Z.
- (d) any generator of a maximal ideal in \mathbb{Z} is prime.
- 14. F_n denotes the finite field with *n* elements. Then
 - (a) $F_4 \subset F_8$.
 - (b) $F_4 \subset F_{12}$.
 - (c) $F_4 \subset F_{16}$.
 - (d) $F_4 \subset F_{32}$.

15. Let A be an $n \times n$ matrix which is both Hermitian and unitary. Then

(a) $A^2 = I$.

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- (b) A is real.
- (c) The eigenvalues of A are 0, 1, -1.
- (d) The minimal and characteristic polynomials are same.

16. For $0 < \theta < \pi$, the matrix

$$\left(\begin{array}{cc}\cos\theta & -\sin\theta\\\sin\theta & \cos\theta\end{array}\right)$$

- (a) has real eigenvalues.
- (b) is symmetric.
- (c) is skew-symmetric.
- (d) is orthogonal.
- 17. Let $\{u, v\} \subset \mathbb{R}^3$ be a linearly independent set and let $A = \{w \in \mathbb{R}^3 : ||w|| = 1 \text{ and } \{nu, v, w\}$ is linearly independent for some $n \in \mathbb{N}\}$. Then
 - (a) A is a singleton.
 - (b) A is finite but not a singleton.
 - (c) A is countably finite.
 - (d) A is uncountable.
- 18. A : A is a 5×5 complex matrix of finite order, that is, $A^k = I$ for some $k \in \mathbb{N}$, must be diagonalizable.

B : A diagonalizable 5×5 matrix must be of finite order. Then

- (a) A and B are both true.
- (b) A is true but B is false.
- (c) B is true but A is false.
- (d) Both A and B are false.

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- 19. Let V = C[0, 1] be the vector space of continuous functions on [0, 1]. Let $||f||_1 := \int_0^1 |f(t)| dt$ and $||f||_{\infty} := \sup\{|f(t)| : 0 \le t \le 1\}$. Then
 - (a) $(V, || ||_1)$ and $(V, || ||_{\infty})$ are Banach spaces.
 - (b) $(V, || ||_{\infty})$ is complete but $(V, || ||_1)$ is not.
 - (c) $(V, || ||_1)$ is complete but $(V, || ||_{\infty})$ is not.
 - (d) Neither of the spaces $(V, || ||_1)$, $(V, || ||_{\infty})$ are complete.
- 20. The space l_p is a Hilbert space if and only if (a) p > 1. (b) p is even. (c) $p = \infty$. (d) p = 2.
- 21. Which of the following statements is correct?
 - (a) On every vector space V over \mathbb{R} or \mathbb{C} , there is a norm with respect to which V is a Banach space.
 - (b) If (X, ||.||) is a normed space and Y is a subspace of X, then every bounded linear functional f_0 on Y has a unique bounded linear extension f to X such that $||f|| = ||f_0||$.
 - (c) Dual of a separable Banach space is separable.
 - (d) A finite dimensional vector space is a Banach space with respect to any norm on it.

22. The critical point (0,0) for the system $\frac{dx}{dt} = 2x, \frac{dy}{dt} = 3y$ is

(a) a stable node

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- (b) an unstable node.
- (c) a stable spiral.
- (d) an unstable spiral.

23. The set of linearly independent solutions of $\frac{d^4y}{dx^4} - \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 0$ is

- (a) $\{1, x, e^x, e^{-x}\}.$
- (b) $\{1, x, e^{-x}, xe^{-x}\}.$
- (c) $\{1, x, e^x, xe^x\}$.
- (d) $\{1, x, e^x, xe^{-x}\}.$

24. The set of all eigenvalues of the Sturm-Liouville problem

$$y'' + \lambda y = 0, \ y'(0) = 0, \ y'(\frac{\pi}{2}) = 0$$

is given by

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- (a) $\lambda \neq 0, \lambda = 2n, n = 1, 2, 3, ...$
- (b) $\lambda \neq 0, \lambda = 4n^2, n = 1, 2, 3, ...$
- (c) $\lambda = 2n, n = 0, 1, 2, 3, \dots$
- (d) $\lambda = 4n^2, n = 0, 1, 2, 3, \dots$

25. A complete integral of $zpq = p^2q(x+q) + pq^2(y+p)$ is

- (a) z = ax + by 2ab.
- (b) xz = ax by + 2ab.
- (c) xz = by ax + 2ab.
- (d) xz = ax + by + 2ab.

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PART B

Answer any ten questions. Each question carries 5 marks.

- 1. List all possible Jordan Canonical forms of a 7×7 real matrix whose minimal polynomial is $(x-1)^2(x-2)(x+3)$ and characteristic polynomial is $(x-1)^2(x-2)^2(x+3)^3$.
- 2. A is an $m \times n$ matrix and B is an $n \times m$ matrix, n < m, then prove that AB is never invertible.
- 3. Let $f : \mathbb{C} \to \mathbb{C}$ be a non-constant entire function with the point at infinity as a pole. Show that f is a polynomial.
- 4. Show that $L^2([0,1]) \subseteq L^1([0,1])$ and the inclusion map $f \to f$ from $L^2[0,1]$ to $L^1[0,1]$ is a bounded linear operator.
- 5. Let $f : \mathbb{C} \to \mathbb{C}$ be a complex analytic function such that f(f(z)) for all $z \in \mathbb{C}$ with |z| = 1. Show that f is either constant or identity.
- 6. Let $p(x) = a_n x^n + a_{n-1} x^{n-1} + \dots + a_1 x + a_0$ be a polynomial whose co-efficients satisfy $\sum_{i=0}^{n} \frac{a_i}{i+1} = 0$. Then p(x) has a real root between 0 and 1.
- 7. Give an example of a decreasing sequence $\{f_n\}$ of measurable functions defined on a measurable set E of \mathbb{R} such that $f_n \to f$ pointwise a.e. on E but $\int_E f \neq \lim_{n \to \infty} \int_E f_n$.
- 8. Show that all 3-Sylow subgroups in S_4 are conjugate.
- 9. Let α be algebraic over a field K such that the degree $[K(\alpha) : K]$ is odd. Show that $K(\alpha) = K(\alpha^2)$.
- 10. Let *E* be the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$, *H* be the hyperbola xy = 1 and *P* be the parabola $y = x^2$. Show that no two of these are homeomorphic.
- 11. Verify whether

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$$Q_1 = q_1 q_2, \quad Q_2 = q_1 + q_2,$$

$$P_1 = \frac{p_1 - p_2}{q_1 - q_2} + 1, \quad P_2 = \frac{q_2 p_2 - q_1 p_1}{q_2 - q_1} - (q_2 + q_1),$$

is a canonical transformation for a system having two degrees of freedom. 12. Determine the Green's function for the boundary value problem

$$egin{aligned} xy''+y'&=-f(x), & 1< x<\infty \ y(1)&=0, \ && \lim_{x o\infty}|y(x)|<\infty \end{aligned}$$

13. Find the critical point of the system

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$$\frac{dx}{dt} = x + y - 2xy, \quad \frac{dy}{dt} = -2x + y + 3y^2,$$

and discuss its nature and stability.

14. Reduce the following partial differential equation to a canonical form and solve, if possible.

$$x^2u_{xx} + 2xu_{xy} + u_{yy} = u_y.$$

- 15. Determine the two solutions of the equation pq = 1 passing through the straight line $C: x_0 = 2s, y_0 = 2s, z_0 = 5s$.
- 16. Let \hat{x} denote the optimal solution to the following linear programming problem P1 :

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \min \ c^T x\\ s.t. \ Ax \ \geq \ b\\ x \ \geq \ 0, \end{array}$$

where $A \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$, $b \in \mathbb{R}^m$ and $c, x \in \mathbb{R}^n$. Now, a new constraint $\alpha^T x \ge \beta$, where $\alpha \in \mathbb{R}^n$ and $\beta \in \mathbb{R}$, is added to the feasible region and we get the following linear programming problem P2:

Discuss about the optimality of \hat{x} for the two cases (a) \hat{x} is feasible to the new LP (P2) and (b) \hat{x} is not feasible to the new LP (P2).

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17. Consider the following linear programming problem

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$$\begin{array}{rcl} \min & x_1 + x_2 \\ s.t. & sx_1 + tx_2 & \geq & 1 \\ & & x_1 & \geq & 0 \\ & & & x_2 & \text{unrestricted} \end{array}$$

Find conditions on s and t to make the linear programming problem have (a) multiple optimal solutions and (b) an unbounded solution.

18. Five employees are available for four jobs in a firm. The time (in minutes) taken by each employee to complete each job is given in the table below.

| $Person \downarrow Job \rightarrow$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
|--------------------------------------|----|----|----|----|
| 1 | 24 | 18 | 32 | 18 |
| 2 | 20 | | 29 | 24 |
| 3 | 28 | 22 | 30 | 30 |
| 4 | 18 | 24 | - | 16 |
| 5 | 23 | - | 27 | 29 |

The objective of the firm is to assign employees to jobs so as to minimize the total time taken to perform the four jobs. Dashes indicate a person cannot do a particular job.

- (a) Formulate the above problem as a linear programming problem and state the Dual of the problem.
- (b) What is the optimal assignment to the problem?