

Hall Ticket No

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M.Sc Entrance Examination,

June 2011,

Booklet Code: B

Time : 2 hrs Code No- V-12 (M.Sc Biochemistry)

Max Marks : 100

Please read the following instructions carefully before answering

1. Enter the Hall Ticket number in the space provided above and also on OMR sheet.
2. Paper contains two sections: **Part A and B together with 100** questions for 100 marks. Answer all questions and each question carries one mark.
3. **Part A will be used for tie breaking.**
4. **There is negative marking. 0.33 mark will be deducted for each wrong answer. One mark is given to each of the appropriate or right answer**
5. Answers have to be marked on the OMR sheet as per the instructions provided.
6. Apart from OMR sheet, the question paper contains **14 (Fourteen)** pages including the instructions.
7. **Please return both the question paper booklet and OMR answer sheet at the end of examination.**
8. No additional sheets will be provided.
9. Rough work can be carried out in the question paper itself in the space provided at the end of the book let.
10. Non programmable calculators are allowed.

PART A

1. *Cananga odorata* belongs to

- A) Malvaceae B) Solanaceae C) Leguminosae D) Anonaceae

2. The second law of thermodynamics says that in acyclic process:

- A) work cannot be converted into heat
B) heat can be converted into work
C) work cannot be completely converted into heat
D) heat cannot be completely converted into work

3. 2N HCl solution will have same molar concentration as a

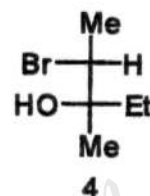
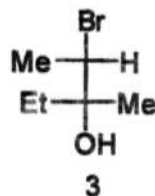
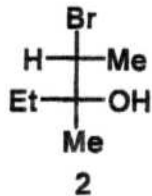
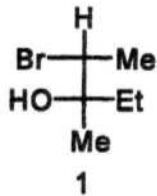
- A) 4.0 N H₂SO₄ B) 0.5 N H₂SO₄ C) 1.0 N H₂SO₄ D) 2.0 N H₂SO₄

4. Trehalose is a
A) Monosaccharide B) Disaccharide C) Trisaccharide D) Polysaccharide
5. Addition of sodium acetate to 0.1 M acetic acid will cause
A) increase in pH B) decrease in pH
C) no change in pH D) change in pH that cannot be predicted
6. A positive ΔG (change in free energy) means that
A) reaction occurs spontaneously
B) the system is at equilibrium
C) no input energy required to drive such a reaction
D) Reaction cannot occur spontaneously and an input energy is required
7. Highest energy is associated with the following radiation
A) Gamma rays B) UV-rays C) Infrared D) Microwave.
8. In which of the following reactions new carbon-carbon bond is not formed:
A) Cannizaro reaction B) Wurtz reaction
C) Aldol condensation D) Friedel-Craft reaction
9. A method that gives an idea of the three dimensional structure of low mol wt proteins in solution
A) X-ray diffraction B) Nuclear Magnetic resonance
C) Cryoelectron microscopy D) Circular dichroism
10. Which one of the following formulae does not represent an organic compound?
A) $C_4H_{10}O_4$ B) $C_4H_8O_4$ C) $C_4H_7ClO_4$ D) $C_4H_9O_4$
11. A Lewis acid is a potential
A) electron pair acceptor B) electron pair donar
C) electron acceptor D) electron donar
12. Which one of the following will not give positive test for haloform reaction
A) Ethanol B) Propan-1-ol C) Propan-2-ol D) Butan-2-ol

13. Antigenic determinants of an antibody consist of:

- A) variable regions of light chains only
- B) variable regions of heavy chains only
- C) variable regions of both heavy and light chains
- D) constant regions of both heavy and light chains

14. Which of the following structures are superimposable



- A) 1 and 2
- B) 2 and 3
- C) 1 and 4
- D) 1 and 3

15. Beer -Lambert law relates absorption of light to any material through which a light source passes. Which one of the following is not a correct equation to express Beer-Lambert law

- A) $\text{Log } I_0/I = \epsilon Cl$
- B) $A = \epsilon Cl$
- C) $\text{Log } 1/T = \epsilon Cl$
- D) $\text{Log } T = \epsilon Cl$

Where, I_0 and I are intensity of light, T is transmittance of light, A is absorption of light, ϵ is extinction coefficient, C is concentration and l is path length

16. Among the listed amino acids, which one is not an intrinsic fluorophore of protein/peptide

- A) Arginine
- B) Tyrosine
- C) Tryptophan
- D) Phenylalanine

17. Major interaction for protein structure stabilization is

- A) Hydrophobic interaction
- B) Ionic interaction
- C) Hydrogen bond interaction
- D) Van der-Waal interaction

18. Diameter of an *E. coli* bacterium can be approximately in the range of

- A) 0.5- 0.6 micrometers
- B) 2 - 5 micrometers
- C) 10-100 nanometers
- D) 1 - 5 nanometers

19. Light microscope resolves objects in diameter separated by approximately

- A) 300 nm and above
- B) 1-100 nanometers
- C) 0.5 - 1 nanometer
- D) 10- 50 nanometers

20. The cyanobacteria belong to which of the following kingdom?

- A) Protista
- B) Plantae
- C) Fungi
- D) Eubacteria

21. Glycine is a

- A) polar neutral amino acid
- B) nonpolar neutral amino acid
- C) polar negative amino acid
- D) non polar positive amino acid

22. Hydrolysis of ATP to AMP + P_i produces

- A) less energy than intact ATP
- B) more energy than hydrolysis of ATP to ADP and P_i
- C) less energy than hydrolysis of ATP to ADP and P_i
- D) None of the above are true

23. Arachidonic acid is

- A) C18:1
- B) C18: 2
- C) C18:3
- D) C20:4

24. Cyanide inhibits electron transport at

- A) Complex I
- B) Complex II
- C) Complex III
- D) Complex IV

25. In mammalian cells, processing of glycosylation occurs in the

- A) Endoplasmic reticulum
- B) Golgi apparatus
- C) Plasma membrane
- D) Lysosomes

Part B

26. The disease, Athlete's foot, is caused by

- A) Virus
- B) Bacteria
- C) Fungus
- D) Mycoplasma

27. Colour blind males are more common than colour blind females. The most likely reason for this is

- A) the gene for colour blindness is carried on the Y chromosome
- B) females are resistant to color blindness
- C) the gene for colour blindness is carried on the X chromosome
- D) male specific hormones cause colour blindness

28. Acetyl Co-A is produced in

- A) mitochondrial matrix
- B) cytosol
- C) in the lumen of endoplasmic reticulu
- D) golgi

29. Jellyfish, hydras, sea anemones, Portuguese man-of-wars, and corals belong to which of the following phylum?

- A) Porifera
- B) Mollusca
- C) Echinodermata
- D) Cnidaria

30. Oxyntic cells are located in

- A) islets of Langerhans and secrete glucagons
- B) gastric epithelium and secrete pepsin
- C) gastric epithelium and secrete HCl
- D) kidneys and secrete rennin

31. Chemical DNA sequencing method was developed by

- A) Pál Nyrén and Mostafa Ronaghi,
- B) Sanger
- C) Walter Gilbert and Allan Maxam
- D) James watson

32. 100 Angstroms mean

- A) 1 nanometer
- B) 5 nanometers
- C) 10 nanometers
- D) 100 nanometers

33. The bacteria that cause Diphtheria in man belong to

- A) Mycobacterium
- B) Yersinia
- C) Corynebacterium
- D) Klebsiella

34. Cleavage of an IgG molecule by the protease, papain, produces:
- A) an antigen-binding site and two constant regions
 - B) two heavy chain-light chain dimers.
 - C) an inactive mixture of oligopeptides.
 - D) two Fab fragments and one Fc fragment
35. Which of the following is NOT a specific immune response?
- A) T cell proliferation
 - B) antibody mediated complement activation
 - C) antibody production by plasma cells
 - D) acute inflammation
36. Number of double bonds in palmitate
- A) Three
 - B) Two
 - C) Zero
 - D) four
37. Glucose 6-phosphatase enzyme activity is high in
- A) muscle cells
 - B) Intestinal cells
 - C) Liver cells
 - D) Heart cells
38. Which of the following is a non-protein amino acid
- A) Proline
 - B) Alanine
 - C) Ornithine
 - D) Glutamine
39. What is glutathione ?
- A) alpha-glutamyl-cysteinyl glycine
 - B) gamma-glutamyl-cysteinyl glycine
 - C) gamma-glutamyl-alanyl-glycine
 - D) gamma-alanyl-glutamyl-cysteine
40. Which of the following is an essential amino acid ?
- A) Tryptophan
 - B) Tyrosine
 - C) Alanine
 - D) Glutamine
41. In Alkaptonuria the following enzyme is defective
- A) Homogentisic acid oxidase
 - B) Homogentisic reductase
 - C) Phenylalanine hydroxylase
 - D) Adenyl Transferase
42. The basic structural unit of sphingolipids is
- A) Fatty acid
 - B) Triglyceride
 - C) Ceramide
 - D) Sugarphosphate

43. Which of the following enzyme converts ribonucleotides to deoxyribonucleotides?
A) Ribonucleotide reductase B) deoxy Ribonucleotide reductase
C) thymidylate kinase D) HGPRT
44. Porphyrins are synthesized from
A) Alanine and succinyl CoA B) Glycine and succinyl CoA
C) Glutamine and acetyl CoA D) Glycine and acetate
45. Which of the following enzymes are used in the determination of primary sequence of proteins?
A) Trypsin and Chymotrypsin B) Enteropeptidase and hexokinase
C) PNGase F D) Catalase
46. In electrophoresis, proteins are separated based on
A) Charge and size B) Size alone C) Charge alone D) complexity
47. In prokaryotes, fatty acid breakdown occurs in
A) membranes B) cytosol C) peroxisomes D) mitochondria
48. Which of the following hormones play an important role in glucose metabolism?
A) Glucagon, Insulin, Epinephrine B) Prostaglandin, Norepinephrine, ACTH
C) Insulin, Oxytocin, Thyroxine D) Thyroxine, Glucagon, Epinephrine
49. Which of the following does not contain SH group
A) Mercaptopyruvic acid B) Thiourea C) Homocysteine D) Cystathionine
50. Gout is a metabolic disorder related to
A) Nucleotide metabolism B) Protein metabolism
C) Lipid Metabolism D) Carbohydrate metabolism
51. The target for aspirin is
A) Acetyl CoA carboxylase B) Cyclooxygenase
C) monooxygenase D) mixed function oxidase

52. Identify the correct statement
- A) The limiting amino acid in maize is Lysine alone
 - B) The limiting amino acids in maize are Lysine and threonine
 - C) The limiting amino acids in maize are tryptophane and threonine
 - D) The limiting amino acids in maize are Lysine and Tryptophan
53. Which one of the following vitamins participates in citric acid cycle
- A) B₁
 - B) B₆
 - C) B₅
 - D) Folic acid
54. Incompatible blood transfusion leads to
- A) Hemolytic jaundice
 - B) Obstructive jaundice
 - C) Hepatic jaundice
 - D) Regurgitation jaundice
55. Wilson's disease is due to
- A) Toxicity of copper
 - B) Deficiency of copper
 - C) Deficiency of iron
 - D) Toxicity of zinc
56. Epigynous flowers are found in
- A) Pumpkin
 - B) Datura
 - C) Magnolia
 - D) Rose
57. Plants having separate male and female plants are called
- A) Monoecious
 - B) Monogamous
 - C) Polygamous
 - D) Dioecious
58. Entire leaf is modified into tendril in
- A) *Lathyrus*
 - B) *Gloriosa*
 - C) *Nepenthes*
 - D) *Smilax*
59. When a nonvolatile solid is dissolved in a liquid, the vapour pressure and freezing point of the liquid :
- A) Both decrease
 - B) increases and decreases respectively
 - C) Both increase
 - D) Decreases and increases respectively

60. In plants, when the ovule is erect so that funicle, chalaza and micropyle lie on the same vertical line called

- A) Orthotropous ovule
- B) Amphitropous ovule
- C) Circinotropous ovule
- D) Campylotropous ovule

61. The stamens in which the anthers or the filaments are not fused, they are called

- A) monadelphous
- B) syngenesious
- C) polyadelphous
- D) polyandrous

62. Alu DNA sequences originated from

- A.) Ribosomal RNA
- B) 7SL RNA,
- C) U1RNA
- D) U5RNA

63. Which of the following set of quantum numbers (n, l, m and ms) is valid one for hydrogen atom ?

- A) 3, 0, -1, -1/2
- B) 2, 3, 0, +1/2
- C) 5, 2, 1, +1/2
- D) 3, 2, 3, +3/4

64. L-shaped tRNA represents

- A) primary sequence
- B) secondary structure
- C) tertiary structure
- D) quaternary structure

65. The fruit of mango called

- A) Pome
- B) Drupe
- C) Hesperidium
- D) Berry

66. Gaseous H_2 and I_2 are reacted to give gaseous HI. On which of the following does equilibrium constant K_p depend?

- A) Initial pressure of I_2
- B) Temperature
- C) Total volume of the reaction vessel
- D) Total pressure of the system

67. In biological protein synthesis, transfer RNA plays a role

- A) as a template
- B) recognizes 5' end of messenger RNA
- C) as a constituent of ribosome that offers a surface for carrying out protein synthesis
- D) recognizes a codon in the template

68. *E. coli* is a
- A) grampositive, anaerobic organism
 - B) gramnegative, aerobic organism
 - C) grampositive, anaerobic and sporulating
 - D) gramnegative, facultative anaerobic and non-sporulating
69. RNA polymerase plays a role in
- A) DNA synthesis using RNA as template
 - B) RNA synthesis using DNA as a template
 - C) RNA synthesis using RNA as a template
 - D) Synthesis of protein using RNA as template
70. Calcium, in cells, is stored in
- A) mitochondria
 - B) nucleus
 - C) golgi
 - D) endoplasmic reticulum
71. An endonuclease cuts
- A) RNA
 - B) DNA
 - C) RNA or DNA internally
 - D) RNA or DNA from the ends
72. In volvate aestivation
- A) sepals touch with overlapping
 - B) sepals touch without overlapping
 - C) sepals overlap but do not touch
 - D) sepals do not touch or overlap each other
73. Cone cells are important in sensing
- A) smell
 - B) light
 - C) colour
 - D) Taste
74. Somatostatins are
- A) small chemicals produced by neurons that inhibit nerve impulses
 - B) small peptide hormones that inhibit growth
 - C) growth stimulating hormone
 - D) None of the above are true

75. The specificity of bacterial RNA polymerases for their promoters is due to which subunit?

- A) α B) β C) γ D) σ

76. Which of the following sequence modules is NOT a basal promoter element?

- A) CAAT box B) GC box C) Octamer module D) TATA box

77. The chemical modification of eukaryotic rDNA molecules takes place in

- A) cytoplasm B) endoplasmic reticulum C) nuclear envelop D) nucleolus

78. Which of the following statements about telomerase is true?

- A) Telomerase is an RNA-dependent DNA polymerase
B) Telomerase is an RNA-dependent RNA polymerase
C) Telomerase is an DNA-dependent DNA polymerase
D) Telomerase is an RNA-dependent RNA polymerase

79. What protein is involved in the separation of the two interlinked daughter chromosomes when DNA replication is terminated in *E. coli*?

- A) DNAB B) DNA polymerase C) Topoisomerase IV D) Tus

80. In the N-terminal regions of histone protein, which aminoacid is acetylated

- A) Arginine B) Lysine C) Serine D) Tyrosine

81. Which is NOT TRUE about the *lac* repressor

- A) It is induced by exposure of a bacterial cell to lactose
B) It uses the same promoter as the *lacZ* gene
C) It changes the shape in the presence of inducer
D) It can form alternate stem-loop structures

82. A bacterium containing sodium ions at a concentration of 0.1 mM lives in a pond that contains sodium ions at 0.005 mM. Evidently, sodium ions are entering the cell by

- A) active transport B) endocytosis C) diffusion D) osmosis.

83. The extreme 5' end of a prokaryotic mRNA has a
- A) Shine Dalgarno sequence
 - B) methylated guanosine
 - C) phosphate
 - D) hydroxyl group
84. Cytochrome P450s come under which of the following sub-class of oxidoreductases
- A) Oxidases
 - B) Oxygenases
 - C) Peroxidases
 - D) Dehydrogenases
85. Molecular action within biological membrane is best characterized by which of the following statements?
- A) Lipid molecules readily "flip-flop" from one side of the membrane to the other
 - B) Lipid molecules exhibit lateral movement within the membrane bilayer
 - C) Protein molecules are all situated on the cytoplasmic surface of the membrane bilayer
 - D) Lipid molecules do not exhibit any kind of movement within the membrane bilayer
86. Which of the following membranes would be the most fluid?
- A) a bilayer made of lipids with polyunsaturated 18 carbon-fatty acids
 - B) a bilayer made of lipids with saturated 18 carbon-fatty acids
 - C) a bilayer made of lipids with saturated 16 carbon-fatty acids
 - D) a bilayer made of lipids with polyunsaturated 16 carbon-fatty acids
87. Of the following membrane lipids, which is not found in prokaryotes?
- A) Phospholipids
 - B) Glycolipids
 - C) Cholesterol
 - D) Diacylglycerol phosphate
88. What is the pH optima of pepsin
- A) 2.0
 - B) 4.0
 - C) 7.0
 - D) 8.0
89. Which of the following statements is incorrect to a cancer cell
- A) increased contact inhibition
 - B) increase transport of glucose
 - C) ability to proliferate indefinitely
 - D) high saturation density

97. Haploids are useful in genetic analysis because

- A) their division cycle is faster due to reduced chromosome number
- B) they are easy to maintain
- C) all mutations are easily detected
- D) tetrad analysis can be done

98. The maternal parent of an organism contributes

- A) only mitochondrial DNA
- B) only chloroplast DNA
- C) only nuclear DNA
- D) all of the above

99. Riboflavin is

- A) Vitamin B1
- B) Vitamin B2
- C) Vitamin B5
- D) Vitamin B12

100. The chromosome complement of a germ cell is

- A) same as other body cells
- B) half of other body cells
- C) twice as of other cells
- D) intermediate between half and full complement of other cells