

W-46

University of Hyderabad
Department of Sanskrit Studies

M.Phil. in Śābdabodha Systems and Language Technologies

Code: W - 46

Duration: 2 Hours

Marks: 75

Note: Part A contains 25 questions carrying one mark each.
There is negative marking for this part. Each wrong answer carries -0.33 mark.

Question paper may be answered either in English(preferably) or in Sanskrit.

Part - A

1. Which of the following is not a vṛtti?
 - (a) taddhita
 - (b) samāsa
 - (c) subanta
 - (d) kṛdanta
2. Which of the following sūtra assigns the term *samprasāraṇa*?
 - (a) inyaṇaḥ samprasāraṇam
 - (b) iko yaṇaci
 - (c) both
 - (d) none
3. The term *samhitā* is used by Pāṇini refers to

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- (a) samāsa
(b) sandhi
(c) kṛdanta
(d) taddhita
4. According to Nagesh, kārakatvam is
- (a) kriyānvayitvam
(b) kriyājanakatvam
(c) both
(d) neither
5. How many *Māheśvara sūtras* are there?
- (a) 42
(b) 41
(c) 14
(d) 9
6. Amarakoṣa is also known as
- (a) paryāyavācī koṣaḥ
(b) nāmaliṅgānuśāsana
(c) liṅgānuśāsana
(d) nānārthaka koṣaḥ
7. 'haṣi ca' can not be applied on one of the following words
- (a) tejovān
(b) yaśolābhaḥ
(c) cetohāraḥ
(d) purogatiḥ
8. Who had authored *Vṛttaratnākara*?
- (a) Kalidasa

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- (b) Kedarabhatta
(c) Pingala
(d) Bhoja
9. How many varṇas are there in the 'ak' pratyāhāra?
- (a) 3
(b) 5
(c) 6
(d) 7
10. 'arthavaddhāturapratyayaḥ' refers to
- (a) dhātuḥ
(b) liṅam
(c) drvyam
(d) prātipadakaṃ
11. The first sūtra of the tripādi is
- (a) purvatrāsiddham
(b) asiddhavadaatrābhāt
(c) ṣatvatukorasiddhaḥ
(d) kārake
12. Identify the suffix augmented in the word 'manohara'.
- (a) khaś
(b) ac
(c) kap
(d) ṭhak
13. What is a morpheme?
- (a) A smallest meaningful unit.
(b) A meaningful word.

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(d) Udayanacharya

19. The term 'sādhanam' in vyākaraṇam refers to

- (a) kārakam
- (b) Ākhyātam
- (c) prakṛti
- (d) pratyaya

20. Which lakāra is used only in the vedic literature?

- (a) lat
- (b) lut
- (c) let
- (d) lṛñ

21. Which of the following is a dependency grammar?

- (a) Panini's grammar
- (b) Phrase Structure Grammar
- (c) Chomsky's minimalism
- (d) Chomsky's Government and Binding

22. What are the anubandha's in 'dupacaṣ'?

- (a) du
- (b) du and ṣ
- (c) du and pa
- (d) none of the above

23. Phenomenon of having more than one related meaning is called

- (a) meronymy
- (b) polysemy
- (c) homonymy
- (d) synonymy

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24. By which of the following sūtras kartā takes sixth case suffix?

- (a) kartṛkaraṇayoḥ tritīyā
- (b) sahayukte apradhāne
- (c) śeṣe śaṣṭhī
- (d) kartṛkarmaṇoḥ kṛti

25. Which of the following is correct?

- (a) mama na rocate takram
- (b) mahyam na rocate takram
- (c) mat na rocate takram
- (d) mām na rocate takram

PART - B

Q 1) Attempt any two of the following. (2 * 10 = 20)

- a) Write a short note on four types of *samāsa* in Sanskrit.
- b) Give examples of *dvikarmaka* verbs in Sanskrit and explain the *karimatva* of both the *karmas*.
- c) Explain the sūtra '*rucyārthānām prīyamāṇaḥ*'.
- d) Explain the sūtra '*sahayukte apradhāne*'
- e) Explain *lakṣaṇā* according to Nyāya Siddhanta Mukthavali.

Q 2) Attempt any six of the following. (6 * 5 = 30)

- a) Write a short note on *karma pravacanīyam*.
- b) Explain '*upapadavibhakteḥ kāravibhaktiḥ balīyasī*'.
- c) Write a short note on '*kartrukaraṇayoḥ tritīyā*'

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- d) What are the different means of *śaktigraha*? Explain with examples.
- e) Write a short note on '*tripādi*' of aṣṭādhyāyī.
- f) Elaborate '*svatantraḥ kartā*'
- g) Illustrate '*pravruttnimittam*'
- h) Explain '*paraḥ sannikarṣaḥ samhitā*'
- i) Explain the factors that lead to proper Śābdabodha?
- j) What are the contextual factors of meaning?