	(Pages : 3)	2101
Reg. No. :		
Name :		
PA	M.B.B.S Degree Examination ATHOLOGY (Paper – I) Medicine and General Pathol	,
Time: 2 Hours		Max. Marks: 40
	SECTION –A	
I. Single best response type.		
a) Do not write anything on	the question paper.	
b) Write your register number	er in the answer sheet provided .	
	ate response and encircle the corre	
1) 'Tell tale sign of ageing'	1 N U	
a) Melaninc) Hemosiderin	b) Bile d) Lipofuscin	
,	N/A	
2) Basement membrane is	9) -	
a) Type I	b) Type II	
c) Type III	d) Type IV	
3) Fixative of choice for cy	tology	
a) 10% formaline	b) 8% HNO ₃	
c) 95% ethyl alcohol	d) Osmium tetroxide	2
4) All are examples of free r	adicals EXCEPT	
a) Ferrous ions	b) Transferrin	
c) Glutathione Peroxida	d) Ceruloplasmin	
5) Which of the following is	a powerful chemoattractant?	

b) Nitric Oxide

d) Bradykinin

P.T.O.

a) Thromboxane A_2

c) Leucotriene B₄

2101 -2-6) All are antigen presenting cells EXCEPT a) B cells b) NK cells c) CD₈ T cells d) Dendritic cells 7) Which is NOT an example of Type II Hypersensitivity? a) Rheumatoid arthritis b) Autoimmune hemolytic anemia d) ABO incompatability c) Myasthenia gravis 8) All are features of autosomal dominant disorders EXCEPT a) Onset of disease is late in life b) Variable expressivity c) Variable penetrance d) Consanguinity $(8\times\frac{1}{2} = 4 \text{ Marks})$ II. Match the following: A) 1) EDTA A) Coagulation studies B) Osmotic fragility 2) HEPARIN C) Peripheral Smear 3) Sodium Citrate 1:4 4) Sodium Citrate 1:9 D) ESR estimation E) Coombs test B) 1) Amyloid A) Vonkossa 2) Lipid B) Pearls 3) Calcium C) Sudan black 4) Iron D) Congored E) Alcian blue $(8\times\frac{1}{2} = 4 \text{ Marks})$ III. Draw and label: $(1\times2=2 \text{ Marks})$

- 1) Tuberculous granuloma
- 2) Oxalate crystals in urine.

-3-**2101**

IV. Short answer question.

 $(1\times4=4 \text{ Marks})$

- 1) What is Virchow triad?
- 2) What are Opsonins? Give one example.
- 3) Mention two difference between transudate and exudate.
- 4) What is dystrophic calcification? Give one example.

V. Write short notes on:

- 1) Sputum cytology
- 2) Mitochondrial inheritance
- 3) Acute transplant rejection reaction.

 $(3\times2=6 \text{ Marks})$

SECTION – B

- VI. 30 year old female c/o fever, joint pain for a duration of 3 weeks. O/E butter fly rashes present on her face. Investigation revealed haematuria and massive proteinuria.
 - a) What is your diagnosis?
 - b) Mention two serological test by which you can confirm the diagnosis.
 - c) Mention two common cardiac lesions that can occur in the patient.
 - d) Mention the characteristic microscopic finding seen in renal biopsy.
 - e) Mention the usual hematological presentation in this condition.
 - f) What is the usual cause of death in these patients?

(2+2+2+2+1+1=10)

VII. Short answer question.

- a) What is anaplasia?
- b) What is double hit theory or Knudson hypothesis?
- c) What is 'Pleiotropism'? Give a suitable example.
- d) What is granulation tissue?

 $(4\times1=4 \text{ Marks})$

VIII. Write short notes on:

- a) Trephine biopsy
- b) Apoptosis
- c) Oncogenic Viruses

 $(3\times2=6 \text{ Marks})$
