

Total number of printed pages – 7

B. Tech
PECS 3401

Seventh Semester Examination – 2008

SOFT COMPUTING

Full Marks – 70

Time – 3 Hours

Answer Question No. 1 which is compulsory and any **five** from the rest.

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

1. Answer the following questions : 2×10
- (i) How does soft computing differ from hard computing ?
- (ii) If $\mu_{young}(x) = \frac{1}{1 + (x/20)^4}$, determine the membership function for the set 'young but not so young'.

P.T.O.

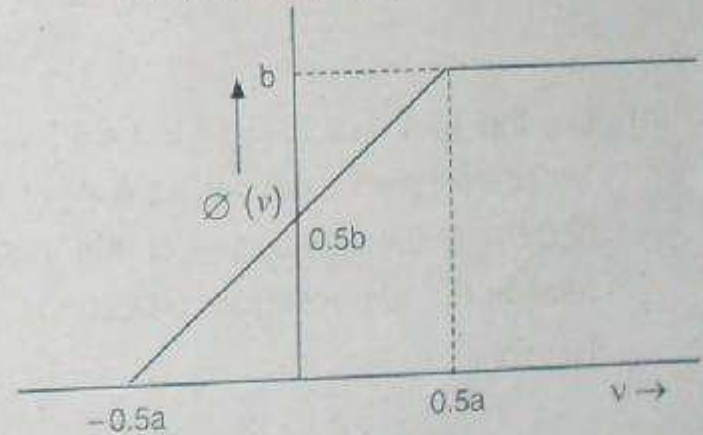
- (iii) List the various activation functions used in ANN.
- (iv) Enumerate the demerits of backpropagation algorithm.
- (v) Name the different crossover operators used in GA.
- (vi) Distinguish between sequential and batch-mode of backpropagation learning.
- (vii) Enumerate different defuzzification techniques.
- (viii) What do you understand by 'Annealing Schedule' in simulated annealing?
- (ix) State the drawbacks of single layer perceptron. Name a problem which cannot be solved by the above neural model.
- (x) List different selection mechanisms in GA.

2. (a) A neuron j receives inputs from other neurons whose activity levels are 10, -20, 4 and -2. The respective synaptic weights of the neurons are 0.8, 0.2, -1.0 and -0.9. Calculate the output of neuron j for the following situations. 6

- (i) The neuron is linear.
- (ii) The neuron is represented by Mc Culloch-Pitts model, defined as follows :

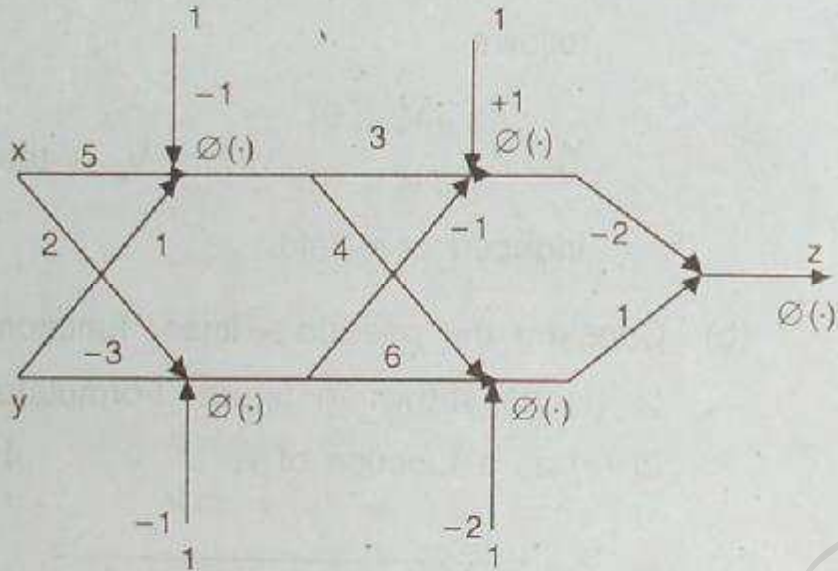
$$Y_k = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } V_k \geq 0 \\ 0, & \text{if } V_k < 0 \end{cases}, \text{ where } V_k \text{ is the induced local field.}$$

(b) Consider the pseudo-linear function $\phi(v)$ as shown in figure. Formulate $\phi(v)$ as a function of v . 4



3. The figure given below shows the signal flow graph of a 2-2-2-1 feedforward network. The

function $\phi(\cdot)$ denotes a logistic function. Write the input-output mapping defined by this network. 10



4. (a) Let the universe $x = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$ and 'small integers' be defined as $A = \{(1, 1), (2, 0.5), (3, 0.4), (4, 0.2)\}$. Let the fuzzy relation R : 'almost equal' be defined as follows :

	1	2	3	4
1	1	0.8	0	0
2	0.8	1	0.8	0
3	0	0.8	1	0.8
4	0	0	0.8	1

What is the membership function of the fuzzy set $B = \text{'rather small integers'}$, if it is interpreted as the composition $A \circ R$?

7

- (b) Explain the term 'Generalised Modus Ponens' with the help of suitable example.

3

5. (a) Compare and contrast between MLP and RBFN. State 'Cover's Theorem on Separability of Patterns'.

5

- (b) Enumerate the steps followed in Genetic Algorithm.

5

6. (a) What do you understand by 'Tournament Selection' with reference to GA ? How does it overcome the demerit of 'Roulette Wheel selection' ?

5

(b) For finding out the value of x from the range $[-1, 2]$ which maximizes the function $f(x) = x \sin(10\pi x) + 1.0$, determine the minimum length of the binary string used to encode x . The required precision is up to 4 decimal places. 5

7. (a) A fuzzy reasoning system is provided with the following facts and rules :

Premise 1 (fact): x is A' and y is B'

Premise 2 (Rule 1): if x is A_1 and y is B_1 , then z is C_1

Premise 3 (Rule 2): if x is A_2 and y is B_2 , then z is C_2

Explain in detail the inference procedure to find out the conclusion z is C' , i.e., given $\mu_{A'}(x)$, $\mu_{A_1}(x)$, $\mu_{A_2}(x)$, $\mu_{B'}(y)$, $\mu_{B_1}(y)$, $\mu_{B_2}(y)$, $\mu_{C_1}(z)$, and $\mu_{C_2}(z)$, determine $\mu_{C'}(z)$. 7

(b) Which Fuzzy Inference System is used more widely and why? 3

8. Derive the Backpropagation through time (BPTT) algorithm used to train the recurrent neural network. 10