Seventh semester examination-2006 COMPILER DESIGN

Full marks-70 Time-3hrs

Answer Question No.1 which is compulsory and any five from the rest.

The figure in the right side margin indicates the mark.

1. Answer the following questions:

- [2x10]
- a) Explain why it is possible to design an independent Lexical Analyzer?
- b) Define and differentiate between compile time errors and runtime errors?
- c) Explain the machine dependant and machine independent code optimization?
- d) Explain and difference between Bottom-up and Top-down parsing?
- e) What are the drawbacks of SLR(1) parser?
- f) What do you mean by porting of a compiler?
- g) Describe the structure used to create a symbol table?
- h) Describe various data structures used to create a symbol table?
- i) Distinguish between syntax and semantics of programming language? Explain which Part of a compiler are permanently concerned with each.
- j) Which are the major functioning of the five main stages of compiler.
- 2. a) For the following grammar, find the FIRST and FOLLOW sets of each of the non terminals

S →aAB|bA|ε

 $A \rightarrow aAb \mid \epsilon$

 $B \rightarrow bB|c$

- b) Differentiate between syntax directed definition and syntax directed translation scheme.
- c) Test whether the following grammar LL(I)?

 $s \rightarrow aAB$

 $A \rightarrow cd | ef$

d) Explain the concept of bootstrapping in compiler design process.

[2.5x4]

- a) Use T-diagram to describe the steps you would take to create a powerful compiler using a Quick dirty compiler.[2]
 - b) Define and discuss the objectives of SDTS? What do you mean by underlying source grammar?

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Explain with example.

[4]

c) Construct the DAG for the following statement.

[4]

$$Z=X-Y+x*Y*U-V/W+X+V$$

4. a) Describe the contents of a symbol table. How is the Symbol table involved in the interactions

Between the different components of the compiler and in error detection?

[5]

Give a simple example in each case.

- b) Explain the machine dependant and machine independent code optimization. What are their their advantages. [5]
- 5. a) Explain the working principle of operator precedence parsing algorithm. Explain the

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Parsing action for the input string $i\mathbf{d}_1$ - $i\mathbf{d}_2/i\mathbf{d}_3*i\mathbf{d}_4 \uparrow i\mathbf{d}_5$ - $i\mathbf{d}_1$ with the reference to the operator Precedence relation table given below. [5]

b)what information is recoreded in the symbol table of a compiler for a block structure language? Give examples of how this information is created and /or used at each stage of compilation.

[5]

6. a)Construct an LL(1)p[arsing table for the following grammar

[8]

S→aBDh

 $B \rightarrow cC$

 $C \rightarrow bC | \varepsilon$

D→EF

 $E \rightarrow g | \varepsilon$

 $F \rightarrow f | \epsilon$

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- b)Explain how scope rules and the block structure of a programming language decides the structure of symbol table.
- 7. a) Construct the SLR parsing table for the following grammar

[8]

 $E \rightarrow E + T$

 $E \rightarrow T$

 $T\rightarrow T*F$

 $T\rightarrow F$

 $F \rightarrow id$

L→L,E/E

b) What is the objective of intermediate code generation? What is the different form of intermediate code generated by intermediate code generation phase?

[2]

8. a) What is the objective of intermediate code generation? Generator three address code for the

following code segment.

[4]

Main()

{

Int a=1;

Int b[10];

While($a \le 10$)

$$B[a]=2**a;$$

}

b)Find the canonical collection of sets of LR(1) items

[3]

S→AaAb

A→BbBa

A **>** ε

 $B \rightarrow \epsilon$

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c)Write quadruples, triples and indirect triples for the following expression

[3]

x[i]:=y

x:=y[i]

