Total number of printed pages – 4 B. Pharm PH. E13

Eighth Semester Examination – 2008

ADVANCED PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS

Full Marks - 70

Time: 3 Hours

Answer Question No. 1 which is compulsory and any five from the rest.

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.



2×10

- (a) Write the principle of supercritical fluid chromatography.
- (b) Write the applications of size exclusion chromatography.





- (c) What is the colorimetric method used for the assay of Vitamin A?
- (d) Write the principle of ESR.
- (e) What are the limitations of ESR?
- (f) What is the principle of X-ray fluorescence spectrometry?
- (g) Write briefly about PDAC reagent.
- (h) What are the basic types of plastics used for closures ?
- (i) Explain the principle behind the colorimetric method of determination of Aspirin.
- (j) Mention the qualitative test for barbiturates.
- 2. (a) What is diffraction of X-rays?
 - (b) Derive Bragg's equation. 3
 - (c) Discuss briefly the instrumentation and applications of X-ray diffraction method.

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- Describe the principle and procedure involved in using PDAB reagent in drug analysis with suitable examples.
- 4. (a) Explain the principle involved in diazotization. 5
 - (b) Describe the reagents used and procedure for the determination of sulfadiazine.
- Explain the principle involved in the analysis of steroids.
- 6. (a) Describe the different types of glass and rubber containers used for different dosage forms.

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- (b) Discuss hydrolytic resistance test for glass containers.2
- Describe the official quality control tests for parenteral products with their limits.
- 8. Explain the principle and procedure involved in the analysis of penicillins.10

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