Total number of printed pages – 4 B. Pharm PH. 6.1

## Sixth Semester Examination – 2008 PHARMACEUTICS – V

(Pharmaceutical Technology - II)

Full Marks - 70

Time: 3 Hours

Answer Question No. 1 which is compulsory and any five from the rest.

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

- 1. Answer the following questions:  $2 \times 10$ 
  - (a) If paratonic solution is injected what are the effects in the body?
  - (b) What are the legal requirements for containers?

P.T.O.





- (c) Differentiate between boilable and non-boilable Catgut.
- (d) Specify the maximum volume of multidose parenterals and large volume parenterals as per USP.
- (e) Define bloom strength.
- (f) What is adhesive tape?
- (g) Mention approximate quantity of drug can be filled in various sizes of capsules.
- (h) What are the objectives of Microencapsulation?
- (i) Discuss the possible reasons for weight variation in tablets.
- (j) Differentiate between crown-thickness and total thickness of tablet.
- Define microencapsulation. Describe the production of microcapsules by phase separation and co-acervation technique.

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3.	(a)	What is Slugging? Describe in detail ab	out
		the production of granules by wet-granu	ıla-
		tion method and mention its advantages	and
		disadvantages. 1	+6
	(b)	Write a note on vaginal tablets.	3
4.	(a)	With suitable examples discuss	the

4.	(a)	With suitable examples discuss	the
		additives used in production of hard ge	latin
		capsules.	6

- (b) Elaborately discuss the test for sterility. 4
- 5. Write notes on:  $5 \times 2$ 
  - (a) Quality assurance in pharmaceutical industry.
  - (b) Packaging components of pharmaceutical products.
- 6. (a) Elaborate the processing of sugar coating of tablets.
  - (b) Describe a method for production of soft gelatin capsules.

PH. 6.1 3 P.T.O.

7.	(a)	What are the ideal characteristics	of
		surgical dressings?	3

- (b) Describe the steps involved in production of Catgut.7
- 8. (a) Elaborately discuss the vehicles, solutes and additives used in production of parenteral products.
  - (b) What are the suitable containers used for parenteral preparations?

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PH. 6.1 4 – C