\mathbf{F}	3082	(Pages : 2)	Reg. No
		200 St Vice	Name

B.TECH. DEGREE EXAMINATION, JANUARY 2007

Fifth Semester

Branches: Computer Science and Engineering/Information. Technology

DATA COMMUNICATION (R, T)

(Regular/Supplementary)

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 100 Marks

Part A

Answer all questions.

Each question carries 4 marks.

- 1. Write down the expression representing an AMd wave and explain the terms involved.
- 2. How does PWM differ from PPM?
- 3. What is FDM? Mention two devices that use FDM.
- 4. What is channel capacity? How is it related to bandwidth?
- 5. How is the efficiency of digital transmission measured?
- 6. What do you mean by isochronous transmission?
- 7. What are the 3 basic methods of reverse error correction?
- 8. Enumerate four important features of the EBCDIC coding system.
- 9. What are the features of the fibre optic cable that result in lossless transmission?
- 10. Briefly explain some features of the GSM system.

 $(10 \times 4 = 40 \text{ marks})$

Part B

Answer all questions.

Each question carries 12 marks.

11. With a block diagram, explain the generation of PPM.

Or

- 12. Compare and contrast the different analog modulation schemes.
- 13. Explain frequency division multiplexing with suitable diagrams.

Or

14. State and prove the sampling theorem.

Turn over

2 F 3083

15. Consider a half-duplex point-to-point line using a stop and wait scheme. (a) What is the effect on line utilization of increasing the message size so that fewer messages are required? (others remaining constant); (b) What is the effect on line utilization of increasing frame size?

Or

- 16. What are convolution codes? Name a few of them. Under what circumstances do they find use over block codes?
- 17. Generate Hamming code for the following characters using odd or even parity as indicated against each (a) "U" ASCII odd parity; (b) "?" ASCII parity even; (c) "M" ASCII even parity.

Or

- 18. What is Baudot code? Where is it used? Explain briefly.
- 19. What are multidrop lines? Explain the multidrop application of frequency division multiplexers.

Or

20. What is GSM technology? Explain GSM architecture in detail with supporting diagrams.

 $(5 \times 12 = 60 \text{ marks})$