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#### Name.....

# **B.TECH. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY/JUNE 2009**

# **Eighth Semester**

Branch : Applied Electronics and Instrumentation Engineering MODERN CONTROL THEORY (A)

(Regular/Supplementary)

'ime : Three Hours

Maximum : 100 Marks

Answer all questions.

### Part A

Each question carries 4 marks.

- 1. What are the limitations of conventional control theory ?
- 2. Explain with an example the use of Lagrang's equation.
- 3. Discuss the nonuniqueness state space representation of systems.
- 4. Explain the significance and properties of state transition matrix.
- 5. Derive the state model of a series RLC circuit driven by a voltage source.
- 6. Discuss on the stabilizability of systems that are not completely controllable.
- 7. Explain the different types of regulators used in optimal control.
- 8. What is a linear observer ? What are its uses ?
- 9. What are the advantages of MATLAB?
- 10. Write an m-file to plot on full-wave of the function 230 sin 100  $\pi t$ .

 $(10 \times 4 = 40 \text{ marks})$ 

## Part B

# Each question carries 12 marks.

1. Derive the state model of the system represented by  $\ddot{y}(t) + 3\ddot{y}(t) + 2\dot{y}(t) = \dot{x}(t) + 3x(t)$ .

Or

2. Find the state model for the system shown in Fig. 1



**Turn over** 

Board exam question paper, sample paper, model paper, to read and download

13. Solve the state equations with the coefficient matrices  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & -2 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$ ;  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$  and

 $x(0) = [1 \ 0 \ 0]^{\mathrm{T}}.$ 

Or

14. Obtain the transfer function matrix of the system represented by :

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}; \ \mathbf{B} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}; \ \mathbf{C} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}; \ \mathbf{D} = [0].$$

15. Derive the state space model of an instrument servo.

Or

- 16. Consider the system  $\dot{X}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & e^{-t} \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} X(t), y(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} x(t)$ . Is this system observable at t = 0? If yes, find X (0) when  $y(t) = e^{+t}$ .
- 17. Design a state observer for the following system such that the estimation error will decay in less than 4 sec.

$$\dot{\mathbf{X}} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{X} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u \; ; \; y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{X}.$$

18. Find the optimal control law for the system  $\dot{\mathbf{X}} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{X} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} u$  with the performance index

$$\mathbf{J} = \int_{0}^{\infty} \left( x_1^2 + u_1^2 + u_2^2 \right) dt.$$

19. Explain the role of MATLAB in the analysis of control system.

20. Derive a SIMULINK model a missile guidance system.

 $(5 \times 12 = 60 \text{ marks})$