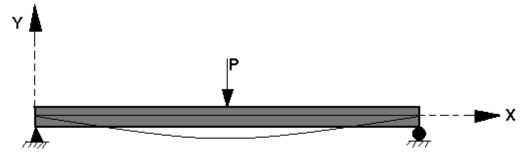
ROLL NO.:	TEST-1	TIME: 45mins
SECTION: M2116	FINITE ELEMENT METHODS (MEC912)	FULL MARKS-20

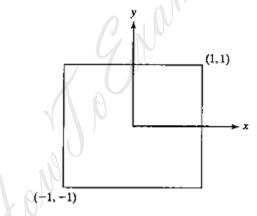
(1) A simply supported beam of uniform cross section and length L is loaded by a central concentrated load, P. Assume that the beam deflects into the sine wave as shown in fig below, such that  $y = A \sin\left(\frac{\pi x}{L}\right)$ . This assumed shape is a trial function and A is an undetermined coefficient.



Since the elastic strain energy due to bending is given by:  $U = \frac{1}{2} \int EI(d^2 y/dx^2) dx$ . Determine the displacement at the centre of the beam using Rayleigh-Ritz method. The symbols have their usual meaning. [8]

(2) A displacement field:  $u = 1 + 3x + 4x^3 + 6xy^2;$  $v = xy - 7x^2$ 

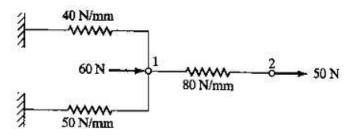
is imposed on the square element as shown in fig below:



- (a) Write down the expressions for:  $\epsilon_x$  ,  $\epsilon_y$  and  $\gamma_{xy}$ .
- (b) Find where  $\epsilon_{\chi}$  is maximum within the square.

[4]

- (3) A long rod is subjected to loading and a temperature increase of 30°C. The total strain at a point is measured to be 1.2 X 10<sup>-5</sup>. If E = 200 GPa and  $\alpha$  = 12 X 10<sup>-6</sup>/°C, determine the stress at the point. [4]
- (4)Determine the displacements of nodes of the spring system shown in fig below:



[4]