

### **SB-0434**

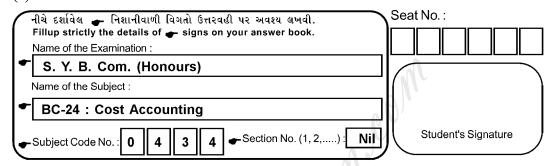
# Second Year B. Com. (Honours) Examination March / April - 2011

BC-24: Cost Accounting

Time: Hours] [Total Marks: 70

#### **Instructions:**

(1)



- (2) Each question having 10 marks.
- (3) Figures to the right hand side indicate full marks of the question.
- (4) Show necessary calculations as a part of your answer.
- 1 Write answer of the following questions:

3

(i) A Transport Co. maintains a Fleet of Vehicles for carrying goods between two places. Particulars of which are as follows:

No. of Vehicles	10	5	20
Capacity (in tons each)	2	6	5

Each Vehicle makes 5 trips a day covering a distance of 10 kms. In each trip. On an average 10% of vehicles are laid up for repairs daily and 80% of capacity of each vehicle is actually used. If a Company operates 25 days in a month, calculate the total tone kilometers per month carried by the Company.

(ii) The following figures relate to three jobs of Manufacturing business:

4

	Job-1 Rs.	Job-2 Rs.	Job-3 Rs.
Direct materials	600	800	1,000
Direct labours	400	600	700
Direct expenses	60	80	100

SB-0434] 1 [Contd...

Works overhead is 50% on prime costs and office overhead is 10% on works cost.

Find out the total costs of each job.

(iii)	The	information regarding workers of X Limited is	3
	as u	ınder :	
	(a)	No. of Workers on 1-3-2011540	
	(b)	No. of Workers on 31-3-2011?	
	(c)	No. of Workers who have resigned54	
	(d)	No. of Workers dismissed16	
	(e)	No. of Workers who have retired38	
	(f)	No. of Workers newly appointed272	
		(Of which 200 workers were taken under	
		expansion plan)	
	(g)	Labour turnover rate as per flux method 30%	

Natraj Pencils Limited manufactures two types of
 Pencils namely 'Kinjal' and 'Niyati". The following information

Find out No. of workers on 31-03-2011.

- (i) Total direct materials was 60% of total factory cost and the direct material per Unit in 'Kinjal' Pencil consists twice as much as that in 'Niyati' type Pencil.
- (ii) Total direct wages was 28% of total factory cost and direct wages per unit for 'Niyati' Pencil was 90% of those for 'Kinjal' Pencil.
- (iii) Production overheads were 20% of direct material in both the type of Pencils.
- (iv) Total office overheads were 15% of total factory cost and the office overhead per unit in 'Niyati Pencil was 1/3 of those for 'Kinjal' Pencil.

SB-0434] 2 [Contd...

is available.

- (v) Selling overheads were 10% on cost of production of goods sold.
- (vi) Total factory cost was Rs. 45,000
- (vii) The following data refers to March-2011:

Particulars		Kinjal	Niyati
(a)	Production (in numbers)	6,750	13,500
(b)	Sales (% of production)	80%	70%
(c)	Sales (in numbers)	5,400	$9,\!450$
(d)	Selling price per unit	Rs. 5	Rs. 3

There was no work -in-progress and raw-material stock in the beginning or at the end of March-2011 Prepare a cost statement.

3 In a factory, there are three production department. 10
The details of the expenses, during March, 2011, are as under:

	Rs.
Indirect wages	1,300
Insurance	
Canteen Expenses	6,000
Lighting	2,000
Rent and rates	5,000
Contribution of ESI	650
Depreciation	16,500
Power	9,000
Factory manager's salary	18,000

SB-0434] 3 [Contd...

### Other information:

Par	rticulars	A	В	C	D	E
(i)	Lighting points	6	5	4	3	2
(ii)	Direct wages (Rs)	4500	4000	2900	1200	400
(iii)	Cost of					
	machine (Rs)	72000	48000	36000	1200	1200
(iv)	Horse power					
	of machine	4	6	2	-	-
(v)	Space occupied			. 0		
	(sq.feet)	600	400	500	300	200
(vi)	Proportion of			00)		
	time devoted					
	by factory		W.	,		
	manager	5	4	3	2	1
(vii)	Number of workers.	5	6	4	3	2

A, B and C are production department and two service department D and E. The benefit of service department D and E is derived by the other departments in the following proportion :

Particulars	A	B	<i>C</i>	D	$oxed{E}$
Department D	20%	30%	40%	-	10%
Departmnet E	30%	40%	30%	-	-

### Prepare a statement showing:

- (i) Distirbution of overheads to various department and
- (ii) Distribution of expenses of service department to production department.

SB-0434] 4 [Contd...

4 A product passes through three different process A, B and C. The information is as under:

Particulars	Process	Process	Process
	- A	- B	- C
(i) Units introduced			
(Per unit Rs. 24)	?	-	-
(ii) Actual production			
(Number of units)	14,475	?	?
(iii) Normal Wastage		^	
(Percentage of input)	2.5%	4%	10%
(iv) Sales price of		0	
wastages			
(Per 25 units)	Rs. 30	Rs. 75	Rs. 250
(v) Abnormal			
wastages in units	150	Nil	-
(vi) Abnormal	7		
gain (No. of Units)	-	Nil	204
(vii) Normal cost			
of normal			
output (Per Unit)	-	Rs. 45	Nil
(viii) Cost of			
abnormal gain			_
(per unit)	-	-	Rs. 60
(ix) Factory	04.225		
overhead	61,200	59,959	61,751

## $Additional\ information:$

- (i) Direct wages to be distributed as 125% of Factory overheads
- (ii) The abnormal wastage ws  $2/5^{th}$  of the normal wastage in the process -A From the above information prepare all process Accounts.

SB-0434] 5 [Contd...

5	Following is the cost per unit of Vimal	Limited	1
	Material	Rs. 20	
	Wages	Rs. 12	
	Factory overheads	25% of prime cos	t
	Office overheads	Rs. 4	
	Selling and distribution overheads	Rs. 6	

## Profit and Loss A/c of the Company.

Particulars	Rs.	Particulars	Rs.
Opening stock		Sales	16,00,000
of Finished goods		Closing stock	
(3000 Units)	1,00,000	of finished	
Materials	5,00,000	goods (8000 units)	3,36,000
Wages	3,00,000	Interest and	
Factory	/ 9	dividend received	14,000
expenses	1,50,000	Profit on sale	
Office expenses	1,10,000	of furniture	10,000
Selling expenses	1,30,000		
Goodwill written off	34,000		
Preliminary expenses			
written off	12,000		
Provision for tax	1,44,000		
Net profit	4,80,000		
	19,60,000		19,60,000

In cost account stock of finished goods is valued at Rs.40 per unit. Closing stock of finished goods is a part of production of the year.

Prepare: Statement of cost and Reconciliation statement.

SB-0434] 6 [Contd...

6 Paresh Limited uses different type of material Viz. M,N,O,P 10 and Q. In respect of which the following information is available:

Particulars	Materials				
	M	N	o	P	Q
Delivery time(weeks)	2 to 3	3 to 4	4 to 5	5 to 6	6 to 7
Average weekly					
consumption (units)	95	?	50	?	75
Maximum weekly					
consumption (Units)	?	95	52	60	?
Minimum weekly					
consumption (Units)	75	85	?	40	66
Ordering				\	
quantity (Units)		-	₹ 37	-	-

Emergency time for purchase is one week for all types of materials. From the above information. Find out:

- (i) Ordering level of material M
- (ii) Minimum level of material N
- (iii) Maximum level of material O
- (iv) Danger level of material P
- (v) Safety stock of material Q.
- 7 Write short notes: (any two)

10

- (i) Escalation caluse in contract costing
- (ii) Economic lot size of Batch costing
- (iii) Normal loss and abnormal loss in process costings.

SB-0434] 7 [ 100 ]