

## **Z-4664**

Seat No.

## Second Year M.B.B.S. Examination

February - 2006

# Pathology (Theory)

Time: 3 Hours] [Total Marks: 80

Instructions: (1) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

- (2) Write answers of Paper-I and Paper-II in separate answer books.
- (3) Draw neat and labelled diagrams and write to the point.
- (4) Irrelevant writing is diacourvaged.

### PAPER - I

1 Write notes on: (any four)

20

- (a) Biochemical themes/molecular mechanisms for cell injury and cell-death.
- (b) Free radical cell-injury/super oxide.
- (c) Transplant rejection-morphology and mechanisms.
- (d) Chemical carcinogenesis-Discuss in detail.
- (e) Physical and chemical nature of amyloid and classification of amyloidosis in detail.
- 2 (a) Answer in brief (objective): (any three)

6

- (a) Deficiency states / targets of Thiamine deficiency.
- (b) Four organs with lesions involved in chronic alcoholism.
- (c) Two examples EACH of Auto-immune diseases in single organ/cell type and systemic.
- (d) Four examples of Prolonged Prothrombin time.
- (b) Write brief answers: (any three)

6

- (a) Define Leukaemia reaction, classify and mention causes of EACH.
- (b) Inclusions of nuclear chromatin in red blood cells-Discuss.
- (c) Reticulocyte-Morphology, staining, Method of count and mention four conditions of Reticulocytosis.
- (d) Define anaemia. Classify and enumerate basic, routine and specialized investigations for anaemia.

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3 Write notes (any two)

- 8
- (a) Morphology of premature WBC series cells individually and classify Leukemias.
- (b) Discuss screening tests in evaluation of haemorhagic disorders and ONLY name some specific tests in detection of specific defects / disorders.
- (c) Classify Macrocytic anaemia and discuss Lab. diagnosis of Macrocytic anaemias.

#### PAPER - II

4 Write notes on:

**12** 

- (a) Discuss autopsy findings, external and internal examination and its clinico-pathological correlation in a patient died of AIDS.
- (b) Define Rheumatic fever, discuss incidence, etiopathogenesis, morphology and clinical course of Rheumatic heart disease.
- **5** Write notes : (any **four**)

**16** 

- (a) Classify emphysema. Discuss the incidence, pathogenesis and morphology in detail.
- (b) Classify Hepatitis viruses. Discuss the morphology, clinical details and serologic markers of hepatitis c virus infection in detail.
- (c) Tubulo-interstitial diseases Enumerate causes, discuss etiopathogenesis and morphology of Acute and Chronic Pyelonephritis.
- (d) Define Infarct. Discuss the types, morphology, factors affecting development of infarct and clinical course in detail.
- (e) Discuss regulation of normal blood pressure. Write down the mechanisms of Essential hypertension and vascular pathology in hypertension.
- **6** (a) Write in brief: (any **three**)

6

- (a) Discuss Anisopoikilocytosis. Give some examples of variables of shapes and sizes.
- (b) ESR-mention various methods, mechanisms and enumerate causes of increased and decreased ESR.
- (c) Autoagglutination causes and methods for evaluation of blood group in such condition.
- (d) Liver function tests Indications, various tests and its clinicopathological correlation / significance.

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- (b) Write short notes: (any two)
  - (a) Renal function tests Indications, various tests, methods and clinicopathological significance.

6

- (b) Investigations of a case of mismatched blood transfusion.
- (c) Thyroid function tests-indications, clinicopathological correlation, utility and its significance.

Jens Gram. Com

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