8

- 19. Explain briefly the steps to be following in preparing funds flow statement.
- 20. Lakshmi & Co. is desirous to purchase a business and has consulted you and one point on which you are asked to advise them is the average amount of working capital which will be required in the first year's working.

You are given the following estimates and instructed to add 10 % to your completed figure to allow for contingencies.

Figures for the year Rs.

(i) Amount blocked up for stocks :

Stock of finished product - 5,000

Stock of stores, material, etc. - 8,000

(ii) Average credit given :

Inland sales 6 weeks credit - 3,12,000

Export sales 11/2 weeks

credit - 78,000

Register Number:

Name of the Candidate :

6787

B.B.A. (Applied Management) DEGREE EXAMINATION, 2008

(SECOND YEAR)

(PART - III)

(PAPER - V)

220. FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING

December]

[Time : 3 Hours

Maximum : 100 Marks

SECTION - A $(10 \times 2 = 20)$

Answer ALL questions. All questions carry equal marks.

- 1. What is ledger?
- 2. What are real accounts?
- 3. Write a short note on 'Prime Cost'.

Turn over

4. Write a note on 'Cost Volume Profit Analysis'.

2

- 5. State the term 'Financial Statement'.
- 6. What is 'Funds Flow Statement'?
- 7. What is P/V ratio?
- 8. What is the concept of working capital?
- 9. Write any two importance of financial management.
- 10. Define marginal cost.

SECTION - B $(4 \times 10 = 40)$

Answer any FOUR questions. All questions carry equal marks.

11. Journalise the following:

- (a) Booked an order with Mr. Rakesh for Rs. 4,000.
- (b) Paid wages for construction of building Rs. 1,500.
- (c) Goods given as charity worth Rs. 500.
- (d) X closed his account by paying us Rs. 950 after deducing 5 % cash discount.

18. Mr. Muthu runs a tempo service in the town and has two vehicles. He furnishes you the following data and wants you to compute the cost per running km.

		Vehicle - A	Vehicle - B
		Rs.	Rs.
	Cost of vehicle	25,000	15,000
ſ	Road licence per year	750	750
en solo	Supervision and salary (yearly)	1,800	1,200
	Driver's wages per hour	4	4
	Cost of fuel per litre	1.50	1.50
	Repairs and maintenance per km.	1.50	2.00
	Tyre cost per km.	1.00	0.80
	Garage rent per year	1,600	550
	Insurance (yearly)	150	500
r	Km. run per litre	6	5
	Km. run during the year	15,000	6,000
y 2	Estimated life of vehicle	1,00,000 km.	75,000 km.

Charge interest at 10 % p.a. on the cost of the vehicle. The vehicles run 20 km. per hour on an average.

Turn over

Carriage on purchases -	3,600
Provision for doubtful debts -	1,000
Bad debts written - off -	1.600

Rs.

Adjustments :

- (i) Stock on 31-12-2005 was estimated as Rs. 40,120.
- Write off depreciation on business
 premises Rs. 600 and furniture
 Rs. 520.
- (iii) Make a provision of 5 % on debtors for bad and doubtful debts.
- (iv) Allow interest on capital at 5 % and carry forward Rs. 1,400 for unexpired insurance.

Prepare final account for the year ended 31-12-2005.

- (e) Paid Rs. 600 to Shyam on account of Mohan.
- (f) Received commission from Harish Rs. 100.
- 12. What are main objectives of cost accounting?
- 13. What are the types of financial analysis?
- 14. The following information of a company is given:

Current ratio 2.5:1;

Acid - test ratio 1.5:1;

Current liabilities Rs. 50,000.

- Find out :
 - (a) Current assets.
 - (b) Liquid assets.
 - (c) Inventory.
- 15. Explain scope of financial management.

16. The sales turnover and profit during two years were as follows :

Year	Sales Rs.	Profit Rs.	
2004	1,40,000	15,000	
2005	1,60,000	20,000	

You are required to calculate :

- (i) P/V ratio.
- (ii) Sales required to earn a profit of Rs. 40,000.
- (iii) Profit when sales are Rs. 1,20,000.

SECTION - C $(2 \times 20 = 40)$

Answer any TWO questions. All questions carry equal marks.

17. The following are the ledger balances extracted from books of Raja :

		Rs.
Raja's capital	-	50,000
Bank over draft	-	8,400

5

Rs.

	Furniture	-	5,200
	Business premises	-	40,000
	Creditors	-	26,600
	Opening stock	-	44,000
	Debtors	-	36,000
	Rent from tenants	-	2,000
	Purchases	-	2,20,000
	Sales	-	3,01,000
	Return inwards	-	5,000
	Discount (Cr.)	-	800
	Taxes and insurance	-	4,000
	General expenses	-	8,000
	Salaries	-	18,000
	Commission allowed	-	4,400

Turn over

Figures for the year Rs. (iii) Lag in payment of wages and other out going :	Figures for the year Rs. (iii) Lag in payment of wages and other out going :
Wages 1 ¹ / ₂ weeks - 2,60,000	Wages 1½ weeks - 2,60,000
Stock, materials, etc. 1 ¹ / ₂ months - 48,000	Stock, materials, etc. 1½ months - 48,000
Rent, royalty etc. 6 months - 10,000	Rent, royalty etc. 6 months - 10,000
Clerical staff ¹ / ₂ month - 62,400	Clerical staff ¹ / ₂ month - 62,400
Manager ¹ / ₂ month - 4,800	Manager ¹ / ₂ month - 4,800
Miscellaneous expenses 1½ months - 48,000	Miscellaneous expenses 1½ months - 48,000
(iv) Payment in advance :	(iv) Payment in advance :
Sundry expenses (paid quarterly in advance) - 8,000	Sundry expenses (paid quarterly in advance) - 8,000
(v) Undrawn profit on the average throughout the year - 11,000	(v) Undrawn profit on the average throughout the year - 11,000
Set up your calculations for the average amount of working capital required.	Set up your calculations for the average amount of working capital required.

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9

9