

ANNA UNIVERSITY CHENNAI :: CHENNAI – 600 025

B.E / B.TECH. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS – I YEAR ANNUAL PATTERN

MODEL QUESTION PAPER

MA 1X01 - ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS - I

**(Common to all Branches of Engineering and Technology)
Regulation 2004**

Time : 3 Hrs

Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer all Questions

PART – A (10 x 2 = 20 Marks)

1. Find the sum and product of the eigen values of the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 5 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$
2. If $x = r \cos\theta$, $y = r \sin\theta$, find $\frac{\partial(r, \theta)}{\partial(x, y)}$
3. Solve $(D^3 + D^2 + 4D + 4)y = 0$.
4. The differential equation for a circuit in which self-inductance L and capacitance C neutralize each other is $L \frac{d^2 i}{dt^2} + \frac{i}{C} = 0$. Find the current i as a function of t .
5. Find, by double integration, the area of circle $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$.
6. Prove that $\text{curl grad } \phi = \vec{0}$.
7. State the sufficient conditions for a function $f(z)$ to be analytic.
8. State Cauchy's integral theorem.
9. Find the Laplace transform of unit step function at $t = a$.
10. Find $L^{-1} \left[\frac{s+3}{s^2 + 4s + 13} \right]$.

PART – B (5 x 16 = 80 marks)

- 11.(a).(i). Verify Cayley-Hamilton theorem for the matrix $A = \begin{pmatrix} 7 & 2 & -2 \\ -6 & -1 & 2 \\ 6 & 2 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$.
Hence find its inverse. (8)

- (ii). Find the radius of curvature at any point 't' on the curve
 $x = a(\cos t + t \sin t)$, $y = a(\sin t - t \cos t)$ (8)

(OR)

- (b).(i). Diagonalise the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 8 & -6 & 2 \\ -6 & 7 & -4 \\ 2 & -4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ by orthogonal transformation. (8).

- (ii). A rectangular box open at the top is to have volume of 32 c.c. Find the dimensions of the box requiring least material for its construction, by Lagrange's multiplier method. (8).

- 12(a). (i). Solve $(3x+2)^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + 3(3x+2) \frac{dy}{dx} - 36y = 3x^2 + 4x + 1$ (8)

- (ii). For the electric circuit governed by $(LD^2 + RD + \frac{1}{C})q = E$ where

$$D = \frac{d}{dt} \text{ if } L = 1 \text{ henry, } R = 100 \text{ Ohms, } C = 10^{-4} \text{ farad and } E = 100 \text{ volts,}$$

$$q = \frac{dq}{dt} = 0 \text{ when } t = 0, \text{ find the charge } q \text{ and the current } i. \quad (8)$$

(OR)

- (b).(i). Solve $\frac{dx}{dt} + 2x + 3y = 0$, $3x + \frac{dy}{dt} + 2y = 2e^{2t}$ (8)

(ii). The differential equation satisfied by a beam uniformly loaded

(w kg/ metre) with one end fixed and the second end subjected

to tensile force P is given by $EI \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = Py - \frac{1}{2}wx^2$. Show that

the elastic curve for the beam with conditions $y = 0 = \frac{dy}{dx}$ at $x = 0$ is

$$\text{given by } y = \frac{w}{Pn^2} (1 - \cosh nx) + \frac{wx^2}{2P} \text{ where } n^2 = \frac{P}{EI} \quad (8)$$

13. a.(i). Change the order of integration in $\int_0^a \int_{\frac{x^2}{a}}^{2a-x} xy \, dx \, dy$ and hence evaluate the same. (8).

(ii). Prove that $\vec{F} = (y^2 \cos x + z^3) \vec{i} + (2y \sin x - 4) \vec{j} + 3xz^2 \vec{k}$ is irrotational and find its scalar potential. (8)

(OR)

b.(i). By changing to polar co-ordinates, evaluate $\int_0^a \int_y^a \frac{x^2 \, dx \, dy}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}}$ (8)

(ii). Verify Gauss divergence theorem for $\vec{F} = 4xz \vec{i} - y^2 \vec{j} + yz \vec{k}$, taken over the cube bounded by $x = 0, x = 1, y = 0, y = 1, z = 0$ and $z = 1$. (8)

14. (a).(i). If $f(z)$ is an analytic function, prove that

$$\left(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2} \right) |f(z)|^2 = 4|f'(z)|^2. \quad (8).$$

(ii). Find the Laurent's series expansion of the function

$$f(z) = \frac{z^2 - 6z - 1}{(z-1)(z-3)(z+2)} \text{ in the region } 3 < |z+2| < 5. \quad (8).$$

(OR)

- (b).(i). Find the bilinear map which maps $-1, 0, 1$ of the z -plane onto $-1, -i, 1$ of the w -plane. Show that the upper half of the z -plane maps onto the interior of the unit circle $|w| = 1$. (8).

(ii). Using contour integration, evaluate $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{x^2 dx}{(x^2 + a^2)(x^2 + b^2)}$ (8).

15.(a) (i). Find the Laplace transform of $t \sin t \sinh 2t$ and $\frac{1 - \cos at}{t}$ (8)

(ii). Using convolution theorem, find $L^{-1} \frac{1}{(s^2 + a^2)^2}$ (8)

(OR)

- (b).(i). Find the Laplace transform of the function

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} t, & 0 < t < \pi \\ 2\pi - t, & \pi < t < 2\pi, \end{cases} \quad f(t + 2\pi) = f(t) \quad (8)$$

- (ii). Using Laplace transform technique, solve

$$\frac{d^2 y}{dt^2} + 2 \frac{dy}{dt} + 5y = e^{-t} \sin t, \quad (8)$$

$$y = 0, \frac{dy}{dt} = 0 \text{ when } t = 0$$